

The L^AT_EX keyfloat Package

v2.07 — 2022/01/10

© 2016–2022 Brian Dunn
bd@BDTechConcepts.com

Provides a key/value interface for generating floats.

Abstract

The keyfloat package provides a key/value user interface for quickly creating figures with a single image each, figures with arbitrary contents, tables, subfloats, rows of floats, floats located [H]ere, floats in the [M]argin, and floats with text [W]rapped around them.

Key/value combinations may specify a caption and label, a width proportional to `\linewidth`, a fixed width and/or height, rotation, scaling, a tight or loose frame, an `\arraystretch`, a continued float, additional supplemental text, and an artist/author's name with automatic index entry. When used with the `tocdata` package, the name also appears in the List of Figures.

Floats may be moved into or rearranged inside a multi-row environment or subfloats, and are typeset to fit within the given number of columns, continuing to additional rows as necessary. Nested sub-rows may be used to generate layouts such as two small figures placed vertically next to one larger figure.

As an example, a typical command to include a figure with a framed image of half `\linewidth` could be:

```
\keyfig*[hbp]{f,lw=.5,c={A caption},l={fig:label}}{image}
```

keyfloat uses the `caption`, `subcaption`, `newfloat` or `float`, and `wrapfig` packages, and cannot be used with the `subfig`, `subfigure`, `subfloat`, `floatrow`, or `floatflt` packages.

See the [General Index](#) for an index of topics and troubleshooting.

For the latest updates, see [Updates](#).

License:

This work may be distributed and/or modified under the conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, either version 1.3 of this license or (at your option) any later version. The latest version of this license is in <http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt> and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of LaTeX version 2005/12/01 or later.

 [incompatible packages](#)

 [Need help?](#)
[What's new?](#)

Contents

1	Introduction	6
1.1	A problem with floats	6
1.2	The keyfloat package	6
1.3	Features	7
1.4	Updates	8
1.5	Other float-related packages	9
2	Using the keyfloat package	10
2.1	Loading keyfloat and related packages	10
2.2	Macros and environments	11
2.3	Keys and values	13
2.4	Other settings	17
2.5	Examples	18
2.5.1	Single floats	18
2.5.2	Groups of floats, shared keys, keep aspect ratio	29
2.5.3	Subfloats	31
2.5.4	Continued floats	33
2.5.5	Continued subfloats	34
2.5.6	Margin floats	35
2.5.7	Wrapped floats	37
2.5.8	Custom frames	42
2.5.9	Artist's name	44
2.6	Customization	46
2.6.1	Custom frames	46
2.6.2	Distance between floats and rows	46
2.6.3	Formatting the captions	47
3	Code	48
3.1	Older packages	48
3.2	Prohibited packages	48
3.3	Required packages	49
3.4	In-line figures and tables	50
3.5	Row counting and control	51
3.6	Float key handling	51
3.7	Nesting control	59
3.8	Subfloat key handling	59

3.9	Computing image width	63
3.10	Framing and rotation	64
3.11	A graphics image from a file	66
3.12	Printing the caption	69
3.13	Defaults for a new float	73
3.14	Row start/end processing	74
3.15	Key environment helper macros	75
3.16	The \KFLT@keyflt macro	86
3.17	The \keyflt macro	86
3.18	The keyfloat environment	87
3.19	The keyfigure environment	89
3.20	The \keyfig macro	89
3.21	The \keyfigbox macro	90
3.22	The \keyparbox macro	91
3.23	The \keytab macro	92
3.24	The keytable environment	92
3.25	A row of floats	93
3.26	Subfloats	99
3.27	Margin floats	105
3.28	Wrapped floats	107
4	keyfloat package maintenance	109
	Change History	110
	Index of Objects	112
	General Index	117
	Index of Indexes	119
	List of Examples	
1	Figure with an image from a file	18
2	Figure with arbitrary contents	18

3	Figure environment with arbitrary contents	19
4	Table macro	19
5	Table environment with arbitrary contents	20
6	Figure with many options selected	21
7	Using <code>\linewidth</code>	22
8	Using frames	23
9	Using rotation with boxes	24
10	Located [H]ere	25
11	Unnumbered float	26
12	Unnumbered float with a LOF entry	26
13	An unnumbered in-text image	27
14	A box without a caption.	28
15	Groups of figures — <code>keyfloats</code> environment	29
16	Subfigures — <code>keysubfigs</code> environment	31
17	Subtables [H] — <code>keysubtabs</code> environment	32
18	Continued figure	33
19	Continued subfloats	34
20	The <code>marginfigure</code> environment	35
21	The <code>marginfigure</code> environment	35
22	Using <code>\keyfig[M]</code>	36
23	Using <code>keytable[M]</code> and an offset	36
24	Using <code>\keyfig[W]</code> and <code>\keytab[W]</code>	37
25	Using <code>\keyfigbox[W]</code> and <code>\keyparbox[W]</code>	38
26	Using <code>\keyfigure[W]</code> and <code>keytable[W]</code>	39
27	Using <code>keywrap</code> with a <code>\keyfig</code>	40
28	Using wrap width <code>ww</code> and <code>wlw</code>	41
29	Custom frames with <code>mdframed</code>	42
30	Custom shadows with <code>fancybox</code>	43
31	Artist's name — image	44
32	Artist's name — arbitrary contents	44
33	Subfloats with an artist	45

List of Figures

1	A <code>\keyfig</code> with an image	18
2	A <code>\keyfigbox</code>	18
3	A <code>keyfigure</code> environment	19
4	A figure with options	21
5	Half of <code>\linewidth</code>	22
6	Loosely-framed figure	23
7	Tightly-framed figure	23
8	A <code>keyfig [H]</code>	25
	Starred short caption	26
9	Next to a <code>\keyparbox</code>	28
10	First in a group	30

11	Third in a group	30
12	Fourth in a group, with a longer caption	30
13	Fifth in a group	30
14	Sixth in a group	30
15	Subfigures	31
16	Figure to be continued	33
16	...continued	33
17	A set of figures	34
17	...continued	34
18	A marginfigure	35
19	A \keyfig[M]	36
20	A \keyfig[W]	37
21	A \keyfigbox[W]	38
22	A \keyfigure[W]	39
23	Keywrap with \keyfig	40
24	A \keyfig[W] with wlw	41
25	A \keyfig[W] with ww	41
26	Custom-framed image	42
27	Custom loosely-framed box	42
28	Custom shadow	43
29	Custom loosely-framed shadow	43
30	Artist's name — image	<i>First Last</i> 44
31	Artist's name — arbitrary contents	<i>Last</i> 44
32	Artist's collection	<i>First Last</i> 45

List of Tables

1	Keys and values — part I	14
1	Keys and values — part II	15
2	Caption-related key combinations	16
3	Key wp: Wrapped float placement options	16
4	A \keytab table	19
5	A keytable environment	20
6	Loosely-framed table	23
7	Tightly-framed table	23
8	Table, rotated	24
9	A table [H]	25
10	Seventh in a group	30
11	Subtables [H]	32
12	A margintable	35
13	A keytable[M]	36
14	A \keytab[W]	37
15	A keytable[W]	39

1 Introduction

The `keyfloat` package simplifies the creation of L^AT_EX floats, while still allowing a large number of useful features.

1.1 A problem with floats

When including a figure with a graphics image into a document, the user typically enters something such as:

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=3in]{filename}
\caption{A Figure}
\label{fig:somelabel}
\end{figure}
```

When doing that often enough, it makes sense to factor the common code:

```
\onefigure[3in]{filename}{A Figure}{fig:somelabel}
```

Expanding the capability of `\onefigure` via `xparse` can lead to the general case of:

```
\onefigure*[loc](width){filename}(add'l text)[shortcap]{caption}*[label]
```

Attempting to add additional features such as frames and continued floats hits the limit of nine parameters for a T_EX macro, requiring that new features use some kind of change-state macros instead. Attempting to support rows of floats or subfloats only makes things more complicated still.

A key/value system solves the problem of adding more features, does not require much additional typing, is a more self-documenting syntax, and allows a shared syntax with subfloats and groups of floats as well. Thus, the `keyfloat` package.

1.2 The `keyfloat` package

Using `keyfloat`, the previous example becomes:

```
\keyfig{w=3in,c=A figure,l=fig:somelabel}{filename}
```

The `\onefigure` general case becomes:

```
\keyfig*[loc]{w=width,t={add'l text},sc=shortcap,cstar=caption,
l=label}{filename}
```

1.3 Features

The macros and environments provided by `keyfloat` include:

\keyfig: A figure with an image.

\keytab: A table.

\keyflt: An arbitrary float type macro.

\keyfigbox: A figure with arbitrary contents.

\keyparbox: A “figure” without a caption, useful to place uncaptioned text inside a group,

keyfigure: A figure environment.

keytable: A table environment.

keyfloat: An arbitrary float type environment.

keyfloats: A group of rows and columns of floats.

keysubfigs: A figure containing a group of rows and columns of subfigures.

keysubtabs: A table containing a group of rows and columns of subtables.

keysubfloats: A float of arbitrary type containing a group of rows and columns of subfloats.

keywrap: Wraps a keyfloat around an environment of text. Usable inside a list.

marginfigure: A figure environment placed into the margin.¹

marginable: A table environment placed in the margin.

Additional features include:

- Rows and columns of floats may be generated by placing them inside a `keyfloats` environment.
- Subfloats may be generated by placing them inside a `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` environment.
- Dynamic layout: The number of columns is specified. Extra floats are placed onto additional rows as needed, with the final row adjusted to compensate for leftovers.


¹`marginfigure` and `marginable`: The environments provided by the `tufte-book` class are used if loaded, otherwise `keyfloat` provides its own versions.

- Floats may be placed [H]ere.
- Floats may be placed in the [M]argin.
- Floats may be placed with text [W]rapped around them.
- Floats may be starred to span two columns.
- Continued floats may be used to repeat the previous float number.
- A figure may contain an image, with additional sizing, rotation, and a frame.
- Tables may be stretched. (`\arraystretch`)
- Boxes of arbitrary contents may be assigned a width and framed.
- Floats may be moved into and out of the grouping environments as needed.
- An artist/author's name may be added to a figure and the index.
- If the `tocdata` package is loaded (use v0.12+), the name is also added to the `LOF`.
- Additional descriptive text may be added as well.
- Frames may be customized.

examples A large number of examples are provided, each showing \LaTeX source and the resulting float.

index A customized index is included at the back of the documentation, including troubleshooting issues.

margin tags Blue margin tags are used to help quickly find information, and often indicate the destination of index entries.

 **warnings** Several warnings are noted in the text. Watch out for these special cases.

1.4 Updates

Recent changes include the following:

v2.06: Added shared keys for groups of floats or subfloats. Added the `kar` key to keep the aspect ratio of an image. Removed `:` for an empty caption. Warns if an image is too wide to fit.

v2.02, v2.04: Added keys for wrapped floats.

1.5 Other float-related packages

Several other $\text{L}^{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ packages related to floats include:

caption and subcaption: Improved control over captions.

floatrow: A macro-based package for creating floats; including captions, footnotes, and rows of floats.

hvfloat: A key / value system allowing the easy rotation of captions and floats.

nccfloats: Macros for minipage floats and side-by-side floats.

newfloat: Macros for the creation of float environments.

rotfloat: Environments for rotated floats.

subfig: Macros to add subfloats inside a float.

2 Using the keyfloat package

2.1 Loading keyfloat and related packages

keyfloat is loaded with the usual command:

```
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

If you wish to have artists' names appear in the list of figures, as provided by the `tocdata` package, load `tocdata`, optionally followed by either `tocloft` or `titletoc`, then `keyfloat`:

Pkg `tocdata`
Pkg `tocloft`
Pkg `titletoc`

```
\usepackage{tocdata}
\usepackage{titletoc}% or titletoc, or neither
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

To use custom float types with the `float` package:

Pkg `float`

```
\usepackage{float}
\newfloat{diagram}{htb}{lod}
```

To use custom float types with the `newfloat` package:

Pkg `newfloat`

```
\usepackage{newfloat}
\DeclareFloatingEnvironment[
  fileext={lod},
  listname={List of Diagrams},
  name={Diagram},
]{diagram}
```

For the `caption` package, to have table captions appear above the tables, and to use custom float types:

Pkg `caption`

```
\usepackage[tableposition=top]{caption}
\captionsetup[diagram]{
  style=default, justification=centering,
  margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
  labelfont={small,bf}, textfont={small,bf}
}
```

To use custom float and subfloat types with `cleveref`:

Pkg `cleveref`



```
\usepackage{cleveref}
\crefname{diagram}{diagram}{diagrams}
\crefname{subdiagram}{subdiagram}{subdiagrams}
```

2.2 Macros and environments

<code>\keyfig</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$} {$\langle image filename \rangle$}</p> <p>A macro to generate a figure with an image from a file.</p>
<code>\keytab</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$} {$\langle tabular contents \rangle$}</p> <p>A macro to generate a table with tabular contents. Usually use the <code>keytable</code> environment instead.</p>
<code>\keyflt</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle float type \rangle$} {$\langle keys/values \rangle$} {$\langle contents \rangle$}</p> <p>A macro to generate an arbitrary float type with its contents.</p>
<code>\keyfigbox</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$} {$\langle box contents \rangle$}</p> <p>A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. See example 2.</p>
<code>\keyparbox</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$} {$\langle box contents \rangle$}</p> <p>A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a <code>\keyfigbox</code> with <code>cstar={}</code>. Mostly useful to add supplemental information inside a row of floats or subfloats. See example 14.</p>
Env <code>keyfigure</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$}</p> <p>An environment to generate a figure with arbitrary contents. Useful for multi-paragraph contents. See example 3.</p>
Env <code>keytable</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle keys/values \rangle$}</p> <p>An environment to generate a table with arbitrary contents. Useful for larger tables. See example 5.</p>
Env <code>keyfloat</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle float type \rangle$} {$\langle keys/values \rangle$}</p> <p>An environment to generate an arbitrary float type with its contents. Useful for multi-paragraph contents.</p>

The above macros and environments may be used by themselves, or inside the following `keyfloats`, `keysubfigs`, or `keysubtabs` environments.

Env <code>keyfloats</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle num columns \rangle$} [$\langle shared keys/values \rangle$]</p> <p>A group of figures or tables typeset in rows. May be nested, [H], [W], or [M]. The optional shared keys / values are passed to each object within. See example 15.</p>
Env <code>keysubfigs</code>	<p>* [$\langle loc \rangle$] {$\langle numcols \rangle$} {$\langle keys \rangle$} [$\langle shared keys/values \rangle$]</p> <p>A group of subfigures typeset in rows. May <i>not</i> be nested. May be [H], [W], or [M]. The optional shared keys / values are passed to each object within. See example 16.</p>

Env	keysubtabs	* [<i>loc</i>] { <i>numcols</i> } { <i>keys</i> } [<i>shared keys/values</i>] A group of subtables typeset in rows. May <i>not</i> be nested. May be [H], [W], or [M]. The optional shared keys / values are passed to each object within. See example 17.
Env	keysubfloats	* [<i>loc</i>] { <i>float type</i> } { <i>numcols</i> } { <i>keys</i> } [<i>shared keys/values</i>] A group of subfloats typeset in rows. May <i>not</i> be nested. May be [H], [W], or [M]. The optional shared keys / values are passed to each object within.
Env	keywrap	{ <i>width of keyfloat</i> } { <i>keyfloat</i> } Displays a keyfloat next to an environment of text. Two minipages are used side-by-side, which allows its use inside a list item where [W] will not work, but extra empty vertical space will appear if the keyfloat and the text are of unequal vertical size. <i>keyfloat</i> may be any of <code>\keyfig</code> , <code>keyfigure</code> , <code>keyfloats</code> , <code>keysubfigs</code> , etc., each with its proper arguments. See example 27.
	 empty space	
Env	marginfigure	[<i>offset</i>] A figure placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. <code>\keyfloat</code> uses the version provided by the <code>tufte-book</code> class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 20.
Env	marginable	[<i>offset</i>] A table placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. <code>\keyfloat</code> uses the version provided by the <code>tufte-book</code> class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 21.
Arg	*	The star option create floats which span both columns in a two-column document.
Arg	[H]	The [H] location forces a figure to be “Here”, in the form of a minipage instead of a float. A caption, label, etc. may still be assigned.
Arg	[M]	The [M] location places the float into the margin. When the <code>tufte-book</code> class is used, its <code>marginfigure</code> and <code>marginable</code> environments are used, otherwise <code>keyfloat</code> provides and uses its own versions of the same environments. See examples 22 and 23.
Arg	[W]	The [W] location wraps text around the float. Use this just before the start of a paragraph with contents large enough to wrap around the float. Do not use this inside a list environment. Select placement with the <code>wp</code> key; see the <code>wrapfig</code> package documentation for more information. Use <code>w</code> or <code>lw</code> to set the width of the item / image contained inside the wrap area. By default the caption will also be contained in this width. To use a larger width for the overall container and caption, set <code>w</code> or <code>lw</code> for the size of the image, and also use <code>ww</code> or <code>wlw</code> for a larger size for the caption. Watch the log for warnings from
Pkg	<code>wrapfig</code>	
	 wrapfig warnings	
Arg	[loc]	The star and [loc] options are ignored for floats inside a <code>keyfloats</code> , <code>keysubfigs</code> , or <code>keysubtabs</code> environment. Note that these container environments may have their own star and [loc] options.

2.3 Keys and values

Table 1 shows the key/value combinations which are allowed. In most cases these may be used in any order and any combination, except for the following:

subfloat keys The keys labeled "Sub" may be used for the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments, which group a number of subfloats together under one master float. The master float has its own caption, label, and text, and each subfloat inside the group likewise has its own set of keys.

keyfloats keys `keyfloats` does not accept any keys at all.

The "artist" keys `ap`, `af`, `al`, and `as` are only used by figures.

The `stretch` key increases space between tabular elements.

The rest of the macros and environments accept all of the keys, as they each create an individual float or subfloat, and each may have its own assigned dimensions and frame.

short/long caption combinations Table 2 shows the combinations of the caption-related keys `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`, and how they control the caption numbering and entries in the `LOF/LOT`.

wrapped float placement Table 3 shows the wrapped-float placement options for the `wp` key for floats placed `[W]`.

Table 1: Keys and values — part I

Key	Sub ^a	Description	Example
c	•	An unstarred caption. If empty, creates a figure with a number but no caption.	c={A caption}
cstar	•	A starred caption. Creates a float without a number. If empty, creates a figure with no number or caption.	cstar={No Num}
sc	•	The short caption for the LOF/LOT, even if cstar.	sc={Short cap}
cont	•	Continued float?	cont
l	•	The label. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. Ignored in unnumbered floats.	l=fig:alabel
ap, aup	•	Artist/author's prefix, such as "Mr." ^b	ap=Mr.
af, auf	•	Artist/author's first name. ^b	af=First
al, aul	•	Artist/author's last name. ^b	al=Last
as, aus	•	Artist/author's suffix, such as ~III. ^b	al=~III
t	•	Additional text. May include paragraphs. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. May need \protect before macro calls. Fully-justified alignment.	t={Paragraphs}
tc	•	Additional text, aligned to the center.	tc={Paragraphs}
tl	•	Additional text, aligned to the left.	tl={Paragraphs}
tr	•	Additional text, aligned to the right.	tr={Paragraphs}

^a: All the keys in Part I may be used with the main keys of the `keysubfigs`, `keysubtabs`, and `keysubfloats` environments.

^b: Artist/author keys: `al` is an artist's last name, `aul` is an author's last name, etc. Artists names are printed centered, authors are flush right. A fixed-width non-breakable space is placed between parts of names, except that the optional suffix is connected directly to the last name, allowing "`as={, Title}`", for example.

... continued

Table 1: Keys and values — part II

Key	Sub ^c	Description	Example
lw	—	Set the width to a fraction of <code>\linewidth</code> . Cancels <code>w</code> . If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box. For wrapped objects, may be used with <code>wlw</code> for a smaller item with a larger caption.	<code>lw=.5</code>
w	—	Set the actual width. Cancels <code>lw</code> . If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box. For wrapped objects, may be used with <code>ww</code> for a smaller item with a larger caption.	<code>w=2in</code>
h	—	Set the actual height. Images only.	<code>w=2in</code>
kar	—	Keep aspect ratio: Use with <code>w</code> or <code>lw</code> , along with <code>h</code> , to fit an image into a given area. Images only.	<code>kar</code>
s	—	Set the image scale. Images only.	<code>s=3</code>
r	—	Set the rotation angle; counter-clockwise degrees.	<code>r=90</code>
f	—	Selects a loose frame with the current <code>\fboxsep</code> . Only rotated with <code>\keyfig</code> .	<code>f</code>
ft	—	Selects a tight frame with no <code>\fboxsep</code> . Useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have some margin built in.	<code>ft</code>
stretch	—	Sets <code>\arraystretch</code> inside the float.	<code>stretch=1.5</code>
mo	—	Sets the vertical offset for a margin float.	<code>mo=-1.2ex</code>
wn	—	Sets the number of lines for a wrapped float.	<code>wn=2</code>
wp	—	Sets the wrap placement for a wrapped float. The default is 0, which places the wrapped float at the outside edge of the text. See table 3.	<code>wp=I</code>
wo	—	Sets the wrap overhang for a wrapped float.	<code>wo=8em</code>
wlw	—	Sets the total width of the wrapped item to a fraction of <code>\linewidth</code> . May be more than the <code>w</code> or <code>lw</code> width.	<code>wlw=.6</code>
ww	—	Sets the total width of the wrapped item. May be more than the <code>w</code> or <code>lw</code> width.	<code>ww=2in</code>
va	—	Sets the vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container for the keyfloat. Defaults to 'c'. Ignored by <code>subfigure</code> , <code>subtable</code> .	<code>va=t</code>

^c None of the keys in Part II are used in the main keys of the `keysubfigs`, `keysubtabs`, or `keysubfloats` environments, but may be used in the optional shared keys to be passed to each object within.

Table 2: Caption-related key combinations

Keys in Use			Type of	
c	cstar	sc	Caption ^a	LOF/LOT ^b
•	—	—	Numbered	Caption
•	—	•	Numbered	Short Caption
—	•	—	Unnumbered	None
—	•	•	Unnumbered	Short Caption
—	cstar={}	Ignored	None	None

^a: Caption: Shows whether the float will be numbered, unnumbered, or have no caption.

^b: LOF/LOT: Shows whether the regular or short caption will appear in the List of Figures or List of Tables, or if there will be no listing.

Table 3: Key wp: Wrapped float placement options

Key	Location
r R	to the right of the text body
l L	to the left of the text body
i I	to the inside margin
o O	to the outside margin

The un-capitalized key attempts to place the float “here”, and the capitalized key allows L^AT_EX to try to find the best location. The default is 0.

2.4 Other settings

<code>\KFLTtightframe</code>	<code>{\contents}</code> Frames the contents without separation.
<code>\KFLTlooseframe</code>	<code>{\contents}</code> Frames the contents with separation.
	These may be used to re-define how contents are framed. The default is a simple <code>\fbox</code> .
Len <code>\KFLTtightframewidth</code>	Combined width of the frame and separation for each of tight and loose frames. These settings should be adjusted when changing the frame width and/or separation. The value should be equivalent to <code>\fboxwidth</code> plus <code>\fboxsep</code> .
Len <code>\KFLTlooseframewidth</code>	
Len <code>\KFLTimageboxwidth</code>	The computed width of the image. Useful to enclose an <code>mdframed</code> environment to restrict its width. See example 29 .

An image.

Figure 1: A `\keyfig` with an image

Some text. More text.

Another paragraph.

Figure 2: A `\keyfigbox`

2.5 Examples

2.5.1 Single floats

Example 1: Figure with an image from a file

Code:

```
\keyfig{c=A \cs{keyfig} with an image,l=fig:simple}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 1

natural size This float (fig. 1) is shown at its natural size because no width or height modifiers were specified. When used alone like this, a regular float is created.

Example 2: Figure with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\keyfigbox{f,c={A \cs{keyfigbox}},l=fig:figbox}
  {Some text. More text. \par Another paragraph.}
```

Result:

Figure 2

default width The `\keyfigbox` creates a figure with a box of arbitrary contents, instead of an image from a file. Its default width is the full `\linewidth`, unless `w` or `lw` keys are used.

Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.

Figure 3: A keyfigure environment

Table 4: A `\keytab` table

A	B
C	D

Example 3: Figure environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\begin{keyfigure}[f,c={A \env{keyfigure} environment},
  l=fig:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.
\end{keyfigure}
```

Result:

Figure 3

The keyfigure environment is preferred over the `\keyfigbox` macro when multiple lines of contents are to be included.

Example 4: Table macro

Code:

```
\keytab[c=A \cs{keytab} table,l=tab:simpletable]{\testtable}
```

Result:

Table 4

Do not try to use tables which overflow the page.

For anything other than a simple table, use the `keytable` environment. See example 5.

[large tables](#) For large tables, use the `longtable` or `supertabular` packages.

Table 5: A keytable environment

Arbitrary contents may go here. ^a	
A	B
C	D
^a A footnote.	

Example 5: Table environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\begin{keytable}[f,c={A \env{keytable} environment},  
l=tab:environment}  
Arbitrary contents may go here.\footnote{A footnote.}  
  
\testtable  
\end{keytable}
```

Result:

Table 5

The keytable environment is preferred over the `\keytab` macro since most tables are multi-line creations.

`\keytab` centers the table, but `keytable` does not. Add `\centering` if desired.



Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used. The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma is included. Alignment may be set by using tags `tc`, `tl`, or `tr` instead of `t`

Figure 4: A figure with many options

Example 6: Figure with many options selected

Code:

```
\keyfig{
  w=2in,ft,r=15,
  c=A figure with many options,
  sc=A figure with options,
  t={Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used.
  The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma
  is included. Alignment may be set by using
  tags \optn{tc}, \optn{tl}, or \optn{tr}
  instead of \optn{t}},
  l=fig:options
}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 4

Width is fixed at 2 in, a tight frame is specified (`\fboxsep` of 0 pt), a short caption appears in the List of Figures, and the additional text is using the default fully-justified alignment.

Since `fig. 4` is a float, it may appear on the following page.

An image.



Figure 5: Half of `\linewidth`

Example 7: Using `\linewidth`

Code:

```
\keyfig{lw=.5,c=Half of \cs{linewidth},l=fig:linewidth}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 5

`\linewidth` Figure 5 is half of `\linewidth` in size. When the `lw` key is used inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs` environment, the `\linewidth` will be proportional to the sub-box for each element. When used alone, such as here, the `\linewidth` is the full width of the text on this page.

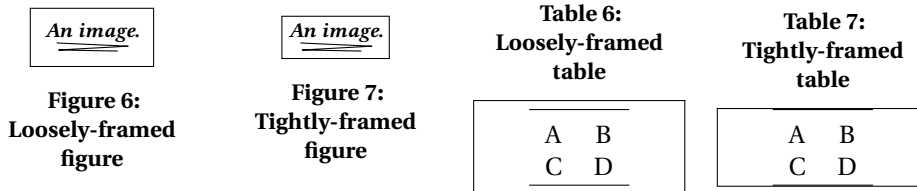
`lw` and `w` are not used at the same time. If both `lw` and `w` are specified, the last one cancels any previous ones.

Example 8: Using frames*Code:*

```

\begin{keyfloats}[hbp]{4}
\keyfig{f,c=Loosely-framed figure,l=fig:looseframe}{image}
\keyfig{ft,c=Tightly-framed figure,l=fig:tightframe}{image}
\keytab{f,c=Loosely-framed table,l=tab:looseframe}{\testtable}
\keytab{ft,c=Tightly-framed table,l=tab:tightframe}{\testtable}
\end{keyfloats}

```

*Result:**Figures 6 and 7 and tables 6 and 7*

The `f` key adds a loose frame with the current `\fboxsep`. This is desirable in most cases.

The `tf` key adds a tight frame with no separation. This is useful for framing a photograph, or a diagram which already has a margin.

Framing tables is seldom recommended. In the case of the tight frame, table 7, note that the external frame almost overwrites the table's natural horizontal rules.

[custom frames](#) Also see section 2.6.1 for customizing frames.

Table 8: Table, rotated

A	B	C
D	E	F

(Framed to show box width.)

Example 9: Using rotation with boxes*Code:*

```
\keytab{f,w=.8in,c={Table, rotated},
  r=70,l=tab:rotated,
  tc=(Framed to show box width.)}
{\testwidetable}
```

*Result:***Table 8**

- rotated whitespace** Unless a width is given, a box is the full `\linewidth`. When rotated, this extra horizontal space is rotated into extra vertical space. To avoid this extra space, set a `w` or `lw` to be wide enough for the table or other contents, but not much wider. When this box is rotated, it will not take much more vertical space than necessary.
- box width**
- frame rotation** Unlike an image, the frame of a box does not rotate with its contents.

Example 10: Located [H]ere

Code:

```
\keytab[H]{c={A table [H]},l=tab:here}{\testtable}  
\keyfig[H]{f,w=1in,c={A keyfig [H]},l=fig:here}{image}
```

Result:


Table 9, Figure 8

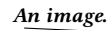
Table 9: A table [H]

A	B
C	D



Figure 8: A keyfig [H]

 **Out of sequence** Table 9 and Figure 8 are to be placed “[H]ere”, and therefore may appear out-of-sequence with surrounding figures. Place a `\clearpage` before or after to re-sync, if necessary.



Starred caption with a short caption.

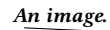
Example 11: Unnumbered float

Code:

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={A starred caption}}{image}
```


Result:

See fig: "A starred caption".



A starred caption

A starred caption creates a float without a number, and without an entry in the List of Figures unless there is a non-empty short caption. (See the next example.)

 **No label** Labels cannot be used when there is no number for a float.

Example 12: Unnumbered float with a LOF entry

Code:

```
\keyfig{
  f,cstar={Starred caption with a short caption.},
  sc={Starred short caption}
}{image}
```

Result:

See fig: "Starred caption with a short caption".

A starred caption with a non-empty short caption creates an unnumbered entry in the List of Figures.

Example 13: An unnumbered in-text image

Code:

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={},  
  tc={Optional text which is not a caption.}  
}{image2}
```

Result:

See fig: "Optional text which is not a caption."



Optional text which is not a caption.

By using [H] and cstar={}, the image is placed inline without a number or LOF entry.

Also see [example 14](#).

Some contents.

A `\keyparbox` with no number or label.

An image.

Figure 9: Next to a `\keyparbox`

Example 14: A box without a caption.

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyparbox{
  f,lw=.5,
  tc={A \cs{keyparbox} with no number or label.}
}{Some contents.}
\keyfig{c=Next to a \cs{keyparbox},l=fig:nexttoparbox}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\keyparbox[H]{f,lw=.5}{A \cs{keyparbox} [H], outside the keyfloats.}
```

Result:

Figure 9, and the box to its left.

A `\keyparbox` [H], outside the keyfloats.

A `\keyparbox` is a `\keyfigbox` with `cstar={}`, and is mostly useful as an information box inside a row or a set of subfloats.

2.5.2 Groups of floats, shared keys, keep aspect ratio

Example 15: Groups of figures — keyfloats environment

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={First in a group},
      l=fig:firstinrow,tl={\cs{raggedright} text}
      }{image}
\keyparbox{}{\centering A \cs{keyparbox} describing something.
  \par With several paragraphs.}
\begin{keyfloats}{2}[f,lw=1,h=3em,kar,va=t]
  \keyfig{lw=1,c={Third in a group},
        l=fig:thirdinarow}{image}
  \keyfig{lw=1,c={Fourth in a group, with a longer caption}}{image2}
  \keyfig{lw=1,c={Fifth in a group}}{image}
  \keyfig{lw=1,c={Sixth in a group},
        l=fig:sixthinarow}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
\keytab{c={Seventh in a group},l=tab:seventhinrow}{\testwidetable}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Result:

Figure 10 to Table 10

automatic layout The keyfloats environment takes an argument for the number of columns. Additional floats are automatically placed on following rows. Changing the number of columns will cause the floats to automatically readjust as necessary. Leftovers will be centered on the last row. An optional argument may contain keys and values which are passed to each object inside the group.

shared keys

nested groups Figure 10 to table 10 are in a keyfloats environment. Furthermore, Figures 11 to 14 are in an additional nested keyfloats environment, forming a small box of floats inside the larger group. In this subgroup, shared keys are set so that each image is framed and keeps its aspect ratio while being resized to fit a fixed width and height.

⚠ \linewidth Note that \linewidth is adjusted for each row and nested row, so the lw key may need to be changed if a float is moved to a different nesting level.

⚠ image too large Fixed-width or fixed-height floats may be too large to fit if they are moved into a group. A warning is issued if so. It is the user's responsibility to adjust w, h, or lw as necessary. To allow images to automatically adjust, use lw=1 or less, which adjusts to the \linewidth.

location Keyfloats may be located [H], [M], or located [W] set with half the line width:

An image.



A `\keyparbox` describing something.

With several paragraphs.

`\raggedright` text

Figure 10: First in a group



Figure 11: Third in a group



Figure 12: Fourth in a group, with a longer caption



Figure 13: Fifth in a group



Figure 14: Sixth in a group

Table 10: Seventh in a group

A	B	C
D	E	F

`\begin{keyfloats}[H]{2}...`

two columns Keyfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:

`\begin{keyfloats}*{2}...`

grid of images As shown in the sub group above, to display a group of images of varying shape inside a grid, use the shared option to select a maximum size, keep aspect ratio, and align at the top so that captions of varying length may wrap below each image:

`\begin{keyfloats}{2}[lw=1,h=3em,kar,va=t]`

`...`

`\end{keyfloats}`

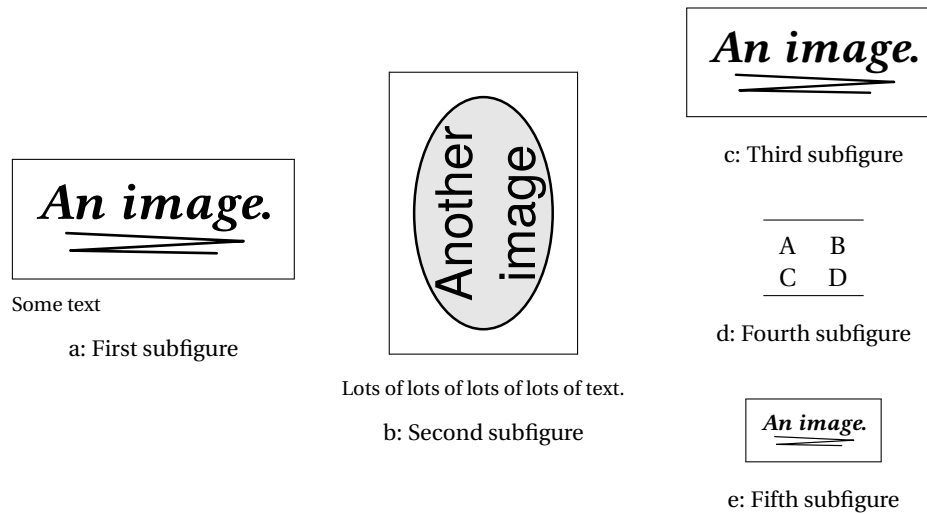


Figure 15: Subfigures

2.5.3 Subfloats

Example 16: Subfigures — keysubfigs environment

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{3}{c=Subfigures,l=fig:subfigs}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First subfigure},
l=fig:firstsubfig,t=Some text}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,r=90,c={Second subfigure},
l=fig:secondsubfig,
t=Lots of lots of lots of lots of text.}
{image2}
\begin{keyfloats}{1}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={Third subfigure},l=fig:thirdsubfig}{image}
\keytab{c={Fourth subfigure},l=fig:fourthsubfig}{\testable}
\keyfig{lw=.5,f,c={Fifth subfigure},l=fig:fifthsubfig}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 15

Figures 15a to 15e are in the fig. 15 keysubfigs environment. The keysubtabs environment is similar. Mixed types have the type of their container, as shown with fig. 15d.

Subfloats are associated floats (a, b, ...) collected together into one common float (the enclosing `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` environment). The enclosing float can have its own caption (call “Sub-Figures” in the example), which appears in the LOF/LOT, and also a label. Each subfloat can have its own caption and label as well, but the subcaption does not appear in the LOF/LOT.

- ⚠ **mixed subfloats** All subfloats are forced to have the same type as its containing float. A table inside a figure will be labeled as a figure, for example. This avoids miss-labeling as each subfloat must clearly be identified as a child of its containing float.
- ⚠ **nested subfloats** `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` may not be used inside the `keyfloats` environment, and cannot be nested inside each other. (No subfloat 12aa, 12ab, 12ba, etc.)
- nested keyfloats** The `keyfloats` environment may be used inside `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` to gather subfloats together, such as the three right-most figures in fig. 15.
- location** Subfloats may be located [H], [M], or located [W] set with half the line width:

$$\begin{keysubfigs}[H]{3}{key/vals \dots}$$
- two columns** Subfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:

$$\begin{keysubfigs}*{2}{key/vals \dots}$$
- shared keys** A group of subfloats may have an optional argument for shared keys and values, which are then passed to each subfloat within.
- ⚠ **va** The vertical alignment option `va` does not work with subfloats.

Example 17: Subtables [H] — `keysubtabs` environment

Code:

```
\begin{keysubtabs}[H]{2}{c=Subtables [H],l=tab:subtabs}
\keytab{c={First subtable},l=fig:firstsubtab}{\testtable}
\keytab{c={Second subtable},l=fig:secondsubtab}{\testwidetable}
\end{keysubtabs}
```

Result:

Table 11

Table 11: Subtables [H]

a: First subtable

A	B
C	D

b: Second subtable

A	B	C
D	E	F

An image.

Figure 16: Figure to be continued

Another
image

Figure 16: ...continued

2.5.4 Continued floats

The `cont` key may be used to generate a “continued” float. The continued float receives the same number as the previous float, and it is assumed that they are the same float, except that they are separated for some reason such as size on the page.

The label may be placed in a continued float, and will still receive the same float number as the prior non-continued float.

Example 18: Continued figure

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{,c=Figure to be continued}{image}
\keyfig{c={\dots continued},cont,l=fig:firstcontinued}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Result:

Figure 16



Figure 17: A set of figures



Figure 17: ...continued

2.5.5 Continued subfloats

The `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments may also be given the `cont` key. The containing environment's float receives the same number as the previous float (presumably another subfloat container).

Example 19: Continued subfloats

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={A set of figures},l=fig:continuedfigures}
\keyfig{c={First of a set},l=fig:contfirst}{image}
\keyfig{c={Second of a set},l=fig:contsecond}{image}
\end{keysubfigs}
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={\dots continued},cont}
\keyfig{c={Third of a set},l=fig:contthird}{image2}
\keyfig{c={Fourth of a set},l=fig:contfourth}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 17

2.5.6 Margin floats

When a keyfloat is located [M], it will be placed in the margin.

When the `tufte-book` class is used, its `marginfigure` or `marginable` environments will be used, otherwise `keyfloat` provides environments of the same name and uses those instead.

Example 20: The `marginfigure` environment

Code:

```
\begin{marginfigure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=.75\linewidth]{image}
```

Some text added by hand.

```
\caption{A \env{marginfigure}}
\label{fig:marginfigure}
\end{marginfigure}
```

Result:

Figure 18

Example 21: The `marginable` environment

Code:

```
\begin{marginable}
\centering
\testwidetable
\caption{A \env{marginable}}
\label{fig:marginable}
\end{marginable}
```

Result:

Table 12

Cls tufte-book

An image.



Some text added by hand.

Figure 18: A `marginfigure`

A	B	C
D	E	F

Table 12: A `marginable`



Additional text. Text text text text text text.

More paragraphs.

Figure 19: A `\keyfig[M]`

Example 22: Using `\keyfig[M]`

Code:

```
\keyfig[M]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\optn{[M]}},l=fig:keyfigm,ft,
t=Additional text.
Text text text text text text.
```

More paragraphs.

```
{image2}
```

Result:

Figure 19

Example 23: Using `keytable[M]` and an offset

Code:

```
\begin{keytable}[M]{c={A \env{keytable}\optn{[M]}},
l=tab:keytablem,mo=-.9in}
\centering
\testwidetable
\end{keytable}
```

Result:

Table 13

Table 13: A `keytable[M]`

A	B	C
D	E	F

[margin float offset](#)

A negative offset was used to shift the table upwards to the top of the example.

[distance between floats](#)

To set the minimum-allowed distance between `\marginpars` and margin floats:

```
\setlength{\marginparpush}{3ex}
```

2.5.7 Wrapped floats

Example 24: Using `\keyfig[W]` and `\keytab[W]`

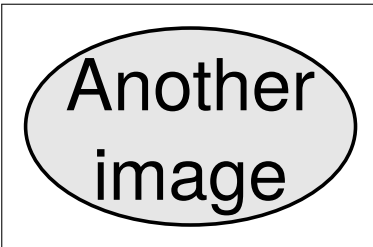
Code:

```
\keyfig[W]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\optn{[W]}},
  l=fig:keyfigw,ft,lw=.4,wp=I, wo=8em, wn=12,
  t={.4\cs{linewidth} wide, placed \optn{I}.}
}{image2}
\blindtext

\keytab[W]{c={A \cs{keytab}\optn{[W]}},l=tab:keytabw,w=.75in,
}{\testtable}
\blindtext
```

Result:

Figure 20 and table 14



.4\linewidth wide, placed I.

Figure 20: A `\keyfig[W]`

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

Table 14: A `\keytab[W]`

A	B
C	D

Example 25: Using `\keyfigbox[W]` and `\keyparbox[W]`*Code:*

```

\keyfigbox[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigbox}\optn{[W]}},
  l=fig:keyfigboxw,f,lw=.25,wp=I, wn=7,
  t=Text text text text text text text text
}{The contents.}
\blindtext

\keyparbox[W]{w=1in}{A \cs{keyparbox}[W] and some more text.}
\blindtext

```

*Result:**Figure 21 and the `\keyparbox`.*

The contents.	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.
---------------	---

Figure 21: A `\keyfigbox[W]`

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.	A <code>\keyparbox[W]</code> and some more text.
---	---

Example 26: Using `\keyfigure[W]` and `\keytable[W]`*Code:*

```

\begin{keyfigure}[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigure}\optn{[W]}},
  l=fig:keyfigurew,f,w=1.5in, wo=4em,wn=5}
This is a keyfigure.
\end{keyfigure}
\blindtext

\begin{keytable}[W]{c={A \env{keytable}\optn{[W]}},
  l=tab:keytablew,w=2in,wp=L,
  tc=Placed \optn{L} and 2in wide.}
\centering
\testwidetable
\end{keytable}
\blindtext

```

*Result:**Figure 22 and table 15*

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

This is a keyfigure.

Figure 22: A `\keyfigure[W]`**Table 15: A `\keytable[W]`**

A	B	C
D	E	F

Placed L and 2in wide.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

Example 27: Using keywrap with a \keyfig*Code:*

```

\begin{itemize}
\item First item.
    Several lines of text text text text text
    text text text text text text text.
\item \begin{keywrap}{.3\linewidth}{\keyfig{%
    lw=1,c={Keywrap with \cs{keyfig}},l=fig:keywrapfig%
    }}{image}}
    Second item.

    These paragraphs are inside the \texttt{keywrap}.
    A vertical gap appears below if the text is not enough to
    fill the space next to the \cs{keyfig}.
\end{keywrap}
    Now outside the \env{keywrap},\margintag{notes}\
    but still in the second item.
    There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph
    inside a \env{keywrap}.
\item Third item.
\end{itemize}

```

*Result:**Figure 23*

- First item. Several lines of text text text text text text text text text text text text.
- Second item.

These paragraphs are inside the keywrap. A vertical gap appears below if the text is not enough to fill the space next to the \keyfig.

An image.



Figure 23: Keywrap with \keyfig

notes

- Now outside the keywrap, but still in the second item. There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph inside a keywrap.
- Third item.

Example 28: Using wrap width `ww` and `wlw`*Code:*

```

\keyfig[W]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\optn{[W] with \optn{wllw}}},
  l=fig:keyfigwllw,ft,lw=.15,wllw=.4,wp=I,
  t={.15\cs{linewidth} wide, in a .4\cs{linewidth} box.}
}{image2}
\blindtext[1]

\keyfig[W]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\optn{[W] with \optn{ww}}},
  l=fig:keyfigww,ft,w=1cm,ww=3cm,wp=I,
  t={1cm wide, in a 3cm box.}
}{image2}
\blindtext[1]

```

*Result:**Figures 24 and 25**.15\linewidth wide, in a .4\linewidth box.***Figure 24: A `\keyfig[W]` with `wllw`**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien.

*1cm wide, in a 3cm box.***Figure 25: A `\keyfig[W]` with `ww`**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



Figure 26: Custom-framed image

A loosely-framed box.

Figure 27: Custom loosely-framed box

2.5.8 Custom frames

Example 29: Custom frames with mdframed

Code:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\begin{minipage}{\KFLTimageboxwidth}
\begin{mdtightframe}%
#1
\end{mdtightframe}%
\end{minipage}
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{1pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\begin{mdlooseframe}[leftmargin=.5in,rightmargin=.5in]%
#1
\end{mdlooseframe}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{4pt}

\keyfig{ft,c=Custom-framed image,l=fig:customframe,r=90}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed box,
l=fig:customlooseframe}{A loosely-framed box.}
```

Result:

Figures 26 and 27

Example 29 shows custom frames created with the `mdframed` package along with `tikz`. Note that `mdframed` uses the full `\linewidth` even if the left/right margins are explicitly set, which causes extra vertical space when rotated. Because of this, the framed object is enclosed inside a `minipage` whose width is precomputed based on the object itself, then set in `\KFLTimageboxwidth`. Any shadow may fall outside this

Pkg `mdframed`

⚠ `mdframed width`

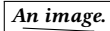


Figure 28: Custom shadow




Figure 29: Custom loosely-framed shadow

box.

See section 2.6.1 for more details.

Example 30: Custom shadows with fancybox

Code:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{0.4pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}

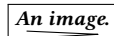
\keyfig{ft,c=Custom shadow,l=fig:customshadow}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed shadow,lw=.5,
l=fig:customlooseshadow}{A loosely-framed shadow box.}
```

Result:

Figures 28 and 29

Example 30 shows custom shadow frames created with the fancybox package. This combination respects `lw` and `w`.

See section 2.6.1 for more details.



MR. FIRST LAST III

About the illustration.

Figure 30: Artist's name — image



MR. LAST

Figure 31: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

2.5.9 Artist's name

Example 31: Artist's name — image

Code:

```
\keyfig{ft,ap=Mr.,af=First,al=Last,as={~III},
tc={\textit{About the illustration.}},
c=Artist's name --- image,l=fig:artist}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 30

Example 32: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\tdartistright
\begin{keyfigure}{f,ap=Mr.,al=Last,
c=Artist's name --- arbitrary contents,l=fig:artistpar}
\centering Some text, a quotation, a TikZ\ diagram ---
anything not an image file.
\end{keyfigure}
\tdartistcenter
```

Result:

Figure 31

The artist's name and optional prefix/suffix are printed below the figure, and an index entry is made for the name in (Last, First) format, or (Last) if there is no first name. If the `tocdata` package is loaded, the artist's name is also added to the List of Figures, and the `tocdata \tdname...` macros may be used to align the name.

An image.

a: Artist's First Work



Commentary about the work.

b: Artist's Second Work

PREFIX FIRST LAST, SUFFIX

Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes, in case you have use for long explanations. This text may be the full `\linewidth` in size.

Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.

Figure 32: Artist's collection

Example 33: Subfloats with an artist

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{
  c=Artist's collection, l=fig:artistcollection,
  t={Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes,
    in case you have use for long explanations.
    This text may be the full \cs{linewidth} in size. \par
    Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.},
  ap=Prefix,af=First,al=Last,as={, Suffix}
}
  \keyfig{c=Artist's First Work}{image}
  \keyfig{c=Artist's Second Work,
    tc={Commentary about the work.}}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 32

A group of figures may be placed into a subfloat container, which may have its own artist keys and additional text. Furthermore, each subfloat inside the collection may also have its own artist tags and additional text.

2.6 Customization

2.6.1 Custom frames

There are two user-redefinable framing macros:

`\KFLTtightframe` and `\KFLTlooseframe`

A float's contents are placed into a box, which is passed to either of these two macros depending on the key `f` or `tf`.

Each macro takes one argument and frames it.

Each macro has a associated L^AT_EX lengths:

`\KFLTtightframewidth` and `\KFLTlooseframewidth`

These lengths must be redefined to the expected total frame width, equal to the frame thickness plus separation.

The default definitions are:

```
\newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
  \setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
  \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
  \fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}

\newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
  \setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
  \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
  \fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

See [example 29](#) for an example created with the `mdframed` package, and [example 30](#) for an example created with the `fancybox` package.

2.6.2 Distance between floats and rows

[rows too close/far](#) To spread out the distance between floats and/or rows of floats on a busy page, the following settings may be changed. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
\setlength{\floatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
\setlength{\dblfloatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
```

2.6.3 Formatting the captions

To modify the typesetting of the captions, see the `caption` package. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
% default applied to margin floats:
\captionsetup{labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}}

\captionsetup[figure]{
  style=default, justification=centering,
  margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,
  labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
}

\captionsetup[table]{
  style=default, justification=centering,
  margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
  labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
}

\captionsetup[subfigure]{
  style=default, justification=centering,
  margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,
  labelfont={small},textfont={small}
}

\captionsetup[subtable]{
  style=default, justification=centering,
  margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
  labelfont={small},textfont={small}
}
```

3 Code

3.1 Older packages

Ensure that tocdata, if loaded, is new enough:

```

1 \ifpackageloaded{tocdata}{
2   \ifpackagelater{tocdata}{2019/03/21}{}{
3     \PackageError{keyfloat}
4       {%
5         The tocdata package is out of date.\MessageBreak
6         Update to tocdata v2.02 2019/03/21 or later.\MessageBreak
7         to use use this version of keyfloat%
8       }
9     {%
10      Please update the tocdata package. It's worth it!%
11    }
12  }
13 }{}

```

3.2 Prohibited packages

Prohibits the use of a certain other packages.

`\KFLT@prohibitpackage` $\{\langle packagename \rangle\}$

```

14 \newcommand*\KFLT@prohibitpackage}[2]{%
15 \ifpackageloaded{#1}
16 {
17   \PackageError{keyfloat}
18   {%
19     The keyfloat package conflicts with the #1.\MessageBreak
20     package. Remove #1 to use keyfloat.\MessageBreak
21     Alternative(s):\MessageBreak
22     \space\space#2%
23   }
24   {%
25     Keyfloat uses the caption, subcaption, newfloat, and wrapfig packages.%
26   }
27 }{}
28 }

```

`\KFLT@prohibitpackage` $\{\langle packagename \rangle\}$

Prohibits the use of another package, both now and also `\AtBeginDocument`.

```
29 \newcommand*\KFLT@prohibitpackage}[2]{
30   \KFLT@prohibitpackage{#1}{#2}
31   \AtBeginDocument{\KFLT@prohibitpackage{#1}{#2}}
32 }
```

The list of prohibited packages:

```
33 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{floatrow}{caption and subcaption}
34 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfig}{subcaption}
35 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfigure}{subcaption}
36 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfloat}{subcaption}
37 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{floatflt}{wrapfig}
```

3.3 Required packages

Pkg	etoolbox	v2.6 or later for <code>\BeforeBeginEnvironment</code> , <code>\AfterEndEnvironment</code>
		38 <code>\RequirePackage{etoolbox}[2011/01/03]%</code>
Pkg	xparse	Argument processing:
		39 <code>\RequirePackage{xparse}</code>
Pkg	keyval	Key processing:
		40 <code>\RequirePackage{xkeyval}</code>
Pkg	graphicx	For <code>\includegraphics</code> and <code>rotating</code> :
		41 <code>\RequirePackage{graphicx}</code>
Pkg	caption	Handles all caption-related functions:
		42 <code>\RequirePackage{caption}[2010/10/31]% v3.2 to support \phantomcaption</code>
Pkg	subcaption	Derived from <code>caption</code> , used to handle subfloats:
		43 <code>\RequirePackage{subcaption}</code>
Pkg	calc	Used to compute box width minus frame sep and width.
		44 <code>\RequirePackage{calc}</code>

Pkg rotating Provides rotation via the turn environment:

```
45 \RequirePackage{rotating}
```

Pkg placeins Provides

to process existing floats before adding new ones.

```
46 \RequirePackage{placeins}
```

Pkg wrapfig Provides figure wrapping code.

```
47 \RequirePackage{wrapfig}
```

Pkg gettitlestring Used by hyperref and nameref.

Expand names used in titles:

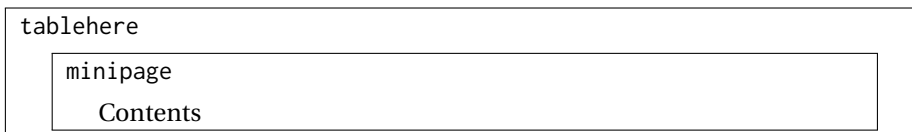
```
48 \PassOptionsToPackage{expand}{gettitlestring}
```

Rows of floats are created by a simple minipage environment, instead of relying on a preexisting package. This proved to be advantageous when support was added for multiple rows in one environment.

3.4 In-line figures and tables

These macros are commonly used by others.

Env tablehere Place a table exactly [H].



```
49 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{tablehere}{}
50 {%
51   \vskip\intextsep\noindent%
52   \minipage{\linewidth}%
53   \def\@capttype{table}%
54   \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
55 }%
56 {\endminipage\vskip\intextsep}%
```

Env figurehere Place a figure exactly [H].

```
figurehere
```

```
minipage
  Contents
```

```
57 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{figurehere}{}
58 {%
59   \vskip\intextsep\noindent%
60   \minipage{\linewidth}%
61   \def\capttype{figure}%
62   \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
63 }%
64 {\endminipage\vskip\intextsep}%
```

3.5 Row counting and control

Used to count position and wrap at end of each row.

Ctrl KFLT@numcols

Columns per row.

```
65 \newcounter{KFLT@numcols}
```

Ctrl KFLT@thiscol

Column currently processing. 0 if not yet in a keyfloats or subfloat.

```
66 \newcounter{KFLT@thiscol}
```

Len \KFLT@rowboxwidth

How wide is each box in the row.

```
67 \newlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}
```

3.6 Float key handling

Bool KFLT@cont

Continued float?

```
68 \newboolean{KFLT@cont}
```

Key [main] cont

Continued float?

```
69 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{cont}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@cont}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@c Caption storage

```
70 \newcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
```

Bool KFLT@cstar

Starred caption?

```
71 \newboolean{KFLT@cstar}
```

Key [main] c

Caption

```
72 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{c}{%
73   \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}%
74 }
```

Key [main] cstar

Caption starred?

```
75 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{cstar}{%
76   \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}%
77 }
```

Key [main] sc

Short caption

```
78 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{sc}{%
79   \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{#1}%
80   \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{true}%
81 }
```

\KFLT@sc Short caption storage

```
82 \newcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}
```

Bool KFLT@scgiven

Was a short caption given?

```
83 \newboolean{KFLT@scgiven}
```

\KFLT@type Float type: “figure”, “table”

```
84 \newcommand*\KFLT@type{}
```

Key [main] l

Label

```
85 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{l}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@l Label storage

```
86 \newcommand*\KFLT@l{}
```

For the artist/author keys:

Key [main] ap

Artist prefix

```
87 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@ap Storage for artist prefix

```
88 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ap}{}
```

Key [main] af

Artist first name

```
89 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@af Storage for artist first name

```
90 \newcommand*{\KFLT@af}{}
```

Key [main] al

Artist last name

```
91 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@al Storage for artist last name

```
92 \newcommand*{\KFLT@al}{}
```

Key [main] as

Artist suffix

```
93 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@as Storage for artist suffix

```
94 \newcommand*{\KFLT@as}{}
```

Key [main] aup

Author prefix

```
95 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aup}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aup}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@aup Storage for author prefix

```
96 \newcommand*{\KFLT@aup}{}
```

Key [main] auf

Author first name

```
97 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{auf}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@auf}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@auf Storage for author first name

```
98 \newcommand*{\KFLT@auf}{}
```

Key [main] aul

Author last name

```
99 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aul}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aul}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@a1 Storage for author last name

```
100 \newcommand*{\KFLT@a1}{}
```

Key [main] aus

Author suffix

```
101 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aus}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aus}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@aus Storage for author suffix

```
102 \newcommand*{\KFLT@aus}{}
```

\KFLT@textalign Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
103 \newcommand*{\KFLT@textalign}{}
```

\KFLT@t Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
104 \newcommand{\KFLT@t}{}
```

Create replacement macros in case tocddata is not loaded:

```
105 \providecommand{\tdartisttextjustify}{}
```

```
106 \providecommand{\tdartisttextcenter}{}
```

```
107 \providecommand{\tdartisttextleft}{}
```

```
108 \providecommand{\tdartisttextright}{}
```

```
109 \providecommand{\tdauthortextjustify}{}
```

```

110 \providecommand{\tdauthortextcenter}{}
111 \providecommand{\tdauthortextleft}{}
112 \providecommand{\tdauthortextright}{}
113 \providecommand{\tdartistjustify}{}
114 \providecommand{\tdartistcenter}{}
115 \providecommand{\tdartistleft}{}
116 \providecommand{\tdartistright}{}
117 \providecommand{\tdauthorjustify}{}
118 \providecommand{\tdauthorcenter}{}
119 \providecommand{\tdauthorleft}{}
120 \providecommand{\tdauthorright}{}

```

Key [main] t

Additional text, justified alignment.

```

121 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{t}{%
122   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
123   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{j}%
124 }

```

Key [main] tc

Additional text, centered alignment.

```

125 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tc}{%
126   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
127   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\centering}%
128 }

```

Key [main] tr

Additional text, aligned to the right.

```

129 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tr}{%
130   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
131   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedleft}%
132 }

```

Key [main] tl

Additional text, aligned to the left.

```

133 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tl}{%
134   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
135   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedright}%
136 }

```

Key [main] lw

Fraction of \linewidth

```

137 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{lw}{%
138   \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{#1}%
139   \setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
140 }

```

`\KFLT@lw` Fraction of linewidth storage: “.5”

```
141 \newcommand*{\KFLT@lw}{}
```

Key [main] w

Fixed width

```
142 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{w}{%
143   \setlength{\KFLT@w}{#1}%
144   \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
145 }
```

`\KFLT@w` Width storage: “3cm”

```
146 \newlength{\KFLT@w}
```

Key [main] h

Fixed height

```
147 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{h}{\setlength{\KFLT@h}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@h` Height storage: “2in”

```
148 \newlength{\KFLT@h}
```

Key [main] kar

Keep aspect ratio

```
149 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{kar}[false]{%
150   \renewcommand{\KFLT@keepaspectratio}{keepaspectratio}%
151 }
```

`\KFLT@keepaspectratio` Stores “keepaspectratio” if set.

```
152 \newcommand{\KFLT@keepaspectratio}{}%
```

Key [main] s

Scale

```
153 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{s}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@s` Scale storage: “3”

```
154 \newcommand*{\KFLT@s}{1}
```

Key [main] r

Angle. 90 is counter-clockwise 90 degrees.

```
155 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{r}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{#1}}
```

	<code>\KFLT@r</code>	Angle storage: “90”
		156 <code>\newcommand*{\KFLT@r}{0}</code>
Key [main]	<code>f</code>	Frame the image with <code>\KFLT@looseframe</code> .
		157 <code>\define@key{KFLT@keys}{f}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@f}{#1}}</code>
Bool	<code>KFLT@f</code>	Frame the image?
		158 <code>\newboolean{KFLT@f}</code>
Key [main]	<code>ft</code>	Tightly frame the image using <code>\KFLT@tightframe</code> . This is useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have built-in margins.
		159 <code>\define@key{KFLT@keys}{ft}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@ft}{#1}}</code>
Bool	<code>KFLT@ft</code>	Tightly frame the image?
		160 <code>\newboolean{KFLT@ft}</code>
Key [main]	<code>stretch</code>	Set <code>\arraystretch</code> inside the table environment.
		161 <code>\define@key{KFLT@keys}{stretch}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{#1}}</code>
	<code>\KFLT@stretch</code>	Storage for <code>\arraystretch</code> .
		162 <code>\newcommand*{\KFLT@stretch}{1}</code>
Key [main]	<code>mo</code>	Set vertical offset for a margin float.
		163 <code>\define@key{KFLT@keys}{mo}{\setlength{\KFLT@mo}{#1}}</code>
	<code>\KFLT@mo</code>	Storage for the vertical margin offset.
		164 <code>\newlength{\KFLT@mo}</code>
Key [main]	<code>wn</code>	Set wrap number of narrow lines for a wrapped float.
		165 <code>\define@key{KFLT@keys}{wn}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@wn}{#1}}</code>
	<code>\KFLT@wn</code>	Storage for the wrap placement.
		166 <code>\newcommand{\KFLT@wn}{}</code>

Key [main] wp

Set wrap placement for a wrapped float.

See table 3 on page 16.

```
167 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{wp}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{#1}}
```

 \backslash KFLT@wp Storage for the wrap placement.

```
168 \newcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}
```

Key [main] wo

Set wrap overhang for a wrapped float.

```
169 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{wo}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@wo}{#1}}
```

 \backslash KFLT@wo Storage for the wrap placement.

```
170 \newcommand{\KFLT@wo}{\wrapoverhang}
```

Key [main] wlw

Wrapped figure, fraction of \backslash linewidth

```
171 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{wlw}{%
172   \renewcommand{\KFLT@wlw}{#1}%
173   \setlength{\KFLT@ww}{0pt}%
174 }
```

 \backslash KFLT@wlw Wrapped figure, fraction of linewidth storage: “.5”

```
175 \newcommand*{\KFLT@wlw}{}
```

Key [main] ww

Wrapped figure, fixed width

```
176 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{ww}{%
177   \setlength{\KFLT@ww}{#1}%
178   \renewcommand{\KFLT@wlw}{}%
179 }
```

 \backslash KFLT@ww Wrapped figure, width storage: “3cm”

```
180 \newlength{\KFLT@ww}
```

Key [main] va

Set vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container.

```
181 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{va}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@va Storage for the vertical alignment.

```
182 \newcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}
```

3.7 Nesting control

Ctrl KFLT@keyfloatdepth Depth inside a keyfigs environment

```
183 \newcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}
184 \setcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{0}
```

Bool KFLT@inkeysubfloats Inside a keysubfigs environment?

```
185 \newboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
186 \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}
```

3.8 Subfloat key handling

These keys are for the container holding a collection of subfigures.

Bool KFLT@subgrpcont Continued float?

```
187 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{}
```

Key [subfloat container] cont Continued float

```
188 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cont}[true]{%
189   \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{#1}%
190 }
```

\KFLT@subgrpc Sub-caption storage

```
191 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}
```

Bool KFLT@subgrpcstart Sub-caption starred?

```
192 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}
```

Key [subfloat container] c Caption

```
193 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{c}{%
194   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
195 }
```

Key [subfloat container] cstar

Starred caption?

```
196 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cstar}{%
197   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{true}%
198 }
```

Key [subfloat container] sc

Short caption

```
199 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{sc}{%
200   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{#1}%
201   \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{true}%
202 }
```

\KFLT@subgrpsc Sub-shortcaption storage

```
203 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}
```

Bool KFLT@subgrpscgiven

Sub-shortcaption was given?

```
204 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}
```

\KFLT@subgrprtype Subfloats collection type storage: “figure”, “table”

```
205 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrprtype}{}
```

Key [subfloat container] l

Label

```
206 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{l}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{#1}}
207 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpl}{}
```

\KFLT@subgrptextalign Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
208 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
```

\KFLT@subgrpt Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
209 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}
```

Key [subfloat container] t

Additional text — full justification

```

210 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{t}{%
211   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
212   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}%
213 }

```

Key [subfloat container] t

Additional text — center justification

```

214 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tc}{%
215   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
216   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\centering}%
217 }

```

Key [subfloat container] t

Additional text — aligned left

```

218 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tl}{%
219   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
220   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedright}%
221 }

```

Key [subfloat container] t

Additional text — aligned right

```

222 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tr}{%
223   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
224   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedleft}%
225 }

```

For the tocdata package:

Key [subfloat container] ap

Artist prefix

```
226 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpap` **Storage for artist prefix**

```
227 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}

```

Key [subfloat container] af

Artist first name

```
228 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpaf` **Storage for artist first name**

```
229 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}

```

Key [subfloat container] al

Artist last name

```
230 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@subgrpal Storage for artist last name

231 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}

Key [subfloat container] as

Artist suffix

232 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpas Storage for artist suffix

233 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}

Key [subfloat container] aup

Author prefix

234 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{aup}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaup}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpaup Storage for author prefix

235 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaup}{}

Key [subfloat container] auf

Author first name

236 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{auf}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpauf}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpauf Storage for author first name

237 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpauf}{}

Key [subfloat container] au1

Author last name

238 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{au1}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpau1}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpau1 Storage for author last name

239 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpau1}{}

Key [subfloat container] aus

Author suffix

240 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{aus}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaus}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpaus Storage for author suffix

241 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaus}{}

3.9 Computing image width

Len \KFLT@imagewidth

Computed width of the image

```
242 \newlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}
```

Len \KFLT@boxwidth

Computed width of the container box

```
243 \newlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}
```

Len \KFLT@wrapwidth

Computed width of the wrapped figure

```
244 \newlength{\KFLT@wrapwidth}
```

\KFLT@findwidths Figure out how wide to make an image and its container

```
245 \newcommand*\KFLT@findwidths}{%
```

Default to a box of full \linewidth minus the potential frame:

```
246   \ifbool{KFLT@ft}% tight frame?
247     {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
248     {% not tight frame
249       \ifbool{KFLT@f}% loose frame?
250       {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
251       {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth}}}% no frame
252     }% not tight frame
```

Several width options exist. First see if width was given:

```
253   \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
```

Width was given:

```
254     {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@w}}%
255     {% width not given
```

Use full \linewidth or only a fraction:

```
256       \ifcempty{KFLT@lw}%
257       {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
258       {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@lw\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
259     }% width not given
```

The wrap width is the same as the image width, unless specified:

```
260   \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@ww}{0pt}%
```

Width was given:

```
261      {%
262          \setlength{\KFLT@wrapwidth}{\KFLT@ww}}%
263      {% width not given
```

If `wlw`, use a fraction of line width, else if none given use the same as the image width.

```
264          \ifcempty{KFLT@wlw}%
265              {%
266                  \setlength{\KFLT@wrapwidth}{\KFLT@imagewidth}}%
267              {%
268                  \setlength{\KFLT@wrapwidth}{\KFLT@wlw\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
269          }% width not given
270 }
```

3.10 Framing and rotation

A user-redefinable macro and length to tightly frame the contents.

\KFLTtightframe: Redefine to a macro which frames its contents.

\KFLTtightframewidth: Redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

\KFLTlooseframe: Redefine to a macro which frames its contents.

\KFLTlooseframewidth: Redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
\KFLTtightframe {<contents>}
```

```
271 \newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
272     \setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
273     \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
274     \fbox{#1}%
275 }
276
```

Len `\KFLTtightframewidth` Must be set to the combined width of the tight frame and separation used by `\KFLTtightframe`.

```
277 \newlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}
278 \setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}
```


`\KFLTlooseframe` $\{\langle contents \rangle\}$

A user-redefinable macro and length to loosely frame the contents.

```
279 \newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
280   \setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
281   \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
282   \fbox{#1}%
283 }
```

Len `\KFLTlooseframewidth` Must be set to the combined width of the loose frame and separation used by `\KFLTlooseframe`.

```
284 \newlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}
285 \setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

`\KFLT@frame` $\{\langle contents \rangle\}$

Frames the contents according to the `f` key. To be nested for further processing.

```
286 \newcommand{\KFLT@frame}[1]
287 {%
288   \ifbool{KFLT@ft}%
289     {%
290       {%
291         \hfuzz=\linewidth%
292         \KFLTtightframe{#1}%
293       }%
294     }%
295     {% not tightframe
296       \ifbool{KFLT@f}%
297         {%
298           {%
299             \hfuzz=\linewidth%
300             \KFLTlooseframe{#1}%
301           }%
302         }%
303       {#1}% no frame
304     }% not looseframe
305 }
```

`KFLT@findenvboxwidth` Figures the width of the contents of `\KFLT@envbox` plus the frame:

```
306 \newcommand{\KFLT@findenvboxwidth}{%
307   \settowidth{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
308   \ifbool{KFLT@ft}%
309     {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
```

```

310     {% not tightframe
311         \ifbool{KFLT@f}%
312             {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
313             {}}% no frame
314     }% not looseframe
315 }

```

3.11 A graphics image from a file

Len \KFLT@testwidth

Used to find the width of a graphics image.

```
316 \newlength{\KFLT@testwidth}
```

\KFLT@includegraphics [*<keys>*] {*<file name>*}

Issue a warning if the image will be too wide, then display the image.

```
317 \newcommand*{\KFLT@includegraphics}[2][{}]{%
```

Find the width of the image:

```
318     \settowidth{\KFLT@testwidth}{\includegraphics[#1]{#2}}%
```

Avoid rounding errors when using the lw option, and also avoid the exact line width in case images are side-by-side.

If close to \linewidth, use slightly less than the \linewidth:

```

319     \ifboolexpr{%
320         test {\ifdimgreater{\KFLT@testwidth}{\linewidth-.01pt}} and
321         test {\ifdimless{\KFLT@testwidth}{\linewidth+1pt}}
322     }%
323     {\setlength{\KFLT@testwidth}{\linewidth-.01pt}}%
324     {}%

```

Issue a warning if wider than the \linewidth:

```

325     \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@testwidth}{\linewidth}{%
326         \PackageWarning{keyfloat}{The image is wider than the line width}%
327     }{}%

```

Display the image:

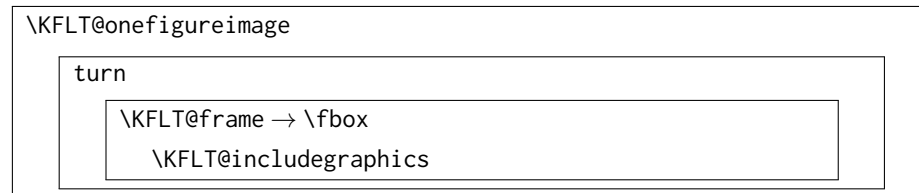
```

328     \includegraphics[#1]{#2}%
329 }

```

`\KFLT@onefigureimage` $\langle filename \rangle$

Create an image with size, frame, and turn.



```
330 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@onefigureimage}{m}%
331 {%
```

Several possible combinations of linewidth, width, and height are available, and each is treated separately. Scaling and width/height are done first, then framing, then rotation.

```
332   \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Handle the `lw` key. If `lw` is used, width and height are ignored.

```
333   \ifdefempty{\KFLT@lw}%
334   {% not linewidth
```

Handle the `w` key, which may be used along with the `h` key:

```
335       \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
336       {% width is given
337         \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
```

Width and height are both given:

```
338         {% w and h
339           \KFLT@includegraphics[%
340             scale=\KFLT@s,%
341             width=\KFLT@imagewidth,%
342             height=\KFLT@h,%
343             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
344           ]{\#1}%
345         }% w and h
```

Only width:

```
346         {% only w
347           \KFLT@includegraphics[%
348             scale=\KFLT@s,%
```

```

349             width=\KFLT@imagewidth,%
350             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
351             ]{#1}%
352             }% only w
353             }% width is given

```

Width was not given, so maybe handle h alone:

```

354             {% width is not given
355             \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%

```

h was given:

```

356             {%
357             \KFLT@includegraphics[%
358             scale=\KFLT@s,%
359             height=\KFLT@h,%
360             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
361             ]{#1}%
362             }%

```

If none were given, use the image's natural size:

```

363             {%
364             \KFLT@includegraphics[%
365             scale=\KFLT@s,%
366             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
367             ]{#1}%
368             }%
369             }% width is not given
370             }% not linewidth
371             {% linewidth given

```

```

372             \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
373             {% lw and h given
374             \KFLT@includegraphics[%
375             scale=\KFLT@s,%
376             width=\KFLT@imagewidth,%
377             height=\KFLT@h,%
378             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
379             ]{#1}%
380             }%
381             {% lw w/o h
382             \KFLT@includegraphics[%
383             scale=\KFLT@s,%
384             width=\KFLT@imagewidth,%
385             \KFLT@keepaspectratio,%
386             ]{#1}%
387             }%

```

```

388   }%
389   \end{lrbox}%
390   \unskip%
391   \KFLT@findenvboxwidth%
392   \begin{turn}{\KFLT@r}%
393   \KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
394   \unskip%
395   \end{turn}%
396 }

```

3.12 Printing the caption

`\KFLT@dosimplecaption` $\langle\{star?\}\rangle\langle\{short\ cap\ or\ -NO\ VALUE-\}\rangle\langle\{caption\}\rangle$

Calls `\caption` depending on several combinations of star and short captions being given.

```

397 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@dosimplecaption}{m m m}
398 {%
399   \unskip%
400   \IfBooleanTF{#1}% star?
401     {\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption*{#2}{#3}}{\caption*{#3}}}%
402     {\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption[#2]{#3}}{\caption{#3}}}%
403 }

```

There are two versions of `\KFLT@docaption`, depending on whether `tocdata` is loaded.

```

404 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
405 {% tocdata loaded

```

`\KFLT@edocaption` 1: artist/author $\langle\{2:\ empty\ or\ "u"\}\rangle\langle\{3:\ star?\}\rangle\langle\{4:\ short\ caption\}\rangle\langle\{5:\ caption\}\rangle\langle\{6:\ empty\ or\ "subgrp"\}\rangle$

```

406 \newcommand*\KFLT@edocaption}[6]{%

```

(`tocdata` does not expand its text argument before checking for empty.)

```

407 \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%
408 \ifcempty{KFLT@#6t}{%
409   \IfBooleanTF{#3}%
410   {%
411     \csuse{caption#1}*{#4}{#5}%
412     [%
413       [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
414       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
415       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%

```

```

416         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
417     }{%
418         \csuse{caption#1}[#4]{#5}%
419         [%
420         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
421         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
422         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
423         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
424     }%
425 }{%
426     \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\csuse{td#1textjustify}}{%
427     \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\centering}{\csuse{td#1textcenter}}{%
428     \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\raggedleft}{\csuse{td#1textright}}{%
429     \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\raggedright}{\csuse{td#1textleft}}{%
430     \IfBooleanTF{#3}%
431     {%
432         \csuse{caption#1}*[#4]{#5}%
433         [\csuse{KFLT@#6t}]%
434         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
435         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
436         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
437         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
438     }{%
439         \csuse{caption#1}[#4]{#5}%
440         [\csuse{KFLT@#6t}]%
441         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
442         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
443         {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
444         [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
445     }%
446 }%
447 }

```

`\KFLT@docaption` * [*2:short caption*] {*3:caption*} {*4: empty or “subgrp”*}

Depending on whether the `tocdata` package is present, and an artist is specified, use either `\caption` or `\captionartist`.

The fourth argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs`.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`.

With `tocdata`:

```

448 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
449 {%

```

Is the last name empty? Assume no artist if so.

```
450 \ifcempty{KFLT@#4al}%
451 {% figure w/o artist
452 \ifcempty{KFLT@#4aul}%
453 {% figure w/o artist or author
```

A figure without an artist or author uses the simple caption.

```
454 \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
455 }% figure w/o artist or author
```

A figure with an author uses the `tocdata \captionauthor` macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
456 {% figure w/ author
457 \KFLT@docaption{author}{u}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
458 }% figure w/ author
459 }% figure w/o artist
460 {% figure with an artist
```

A figure with an artist uses the `tocdata \captionartist` macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
461 \KFLT@docaption{artist}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
462 }% figure with an artist
463 }% KFLT@tocdata
464 }% tocdata loaded
465 }% no tocdata
```

Without `tocdata`:

```
\KFLT@docaption * [⟨2:short caption⟩] {⟨3:caption⟩} {⟨4: empty or “subgrp”⟩}
```

```
466 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
467 {%
```

If `tocdata` is not loaded, use a simple caption.

```
468 \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
```

Create an index entry depending on whether there is a last, first name:

```
469 \ifcempty{KFLT@#4al}%
470 {%
471 \ifcempty{KFLT@#4aul}%
472 }%
```

```

473     {% yes author
474         \ifcempty{KFLT@#4auf}%
475             {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4aul}}}%
476             {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4aul}, \csuse{KFLT@#4auf}}}%
477     }% yes author
478 }% no artist
479 {% yes artist
480     \ifcempty{KFLT@#4af}%
481         {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4al}}}%
482         {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4al}, \csuse{KFLT@#4af}}}%
483     }% yes artist
484 }% KFLT@docaption
485 }% no tocdata

```

`\KFLT@caption` $\{ \langle \textit{empty or "subgrp"} \rangle \}$

Caption-creation logic.

The argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs`.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`.

```

486 \newcommand{\KFLT@caption}[1]{%

```

A starred caption is printed but not numbered.

```

487     \ifbool{KFLT@#1cstar}% starred caption?

```

This is a starred caption:

```

488     {%starred caption

```

A key given as `cstar={}` yields a float with no caption at all.

```

489     \ifcempty{KFLT@#1c}% cstar={}?
490     {}%

```

Non-empty starred caption might have a LOF entry if it has a short caption `sc` key:

```

491     {% non-empty starred caption
492         \ifcempty{KFLT@#1sc}%

```

No `sc` short caption, but there is a `cstar`, so no LOF entry:

```

493         {}%

```


Both cstar and sc were given, so add a LOF entry:

```

494         {% non-empty cstar and sc:
495             \edef\KFLT@listtype{\csuse{KFLT@#1type}}%
496             \addcontentsline{\csuse{ext@KFLT@listtype}}%
497                 {\csuse{KFLT@#1type}}{\KFLT@sc}%
498         }% non-empty cstar and sc

```

In the following, the test for an empty caption is because the caption package does not detect an empty caption if it is given as a macro.

cstar was given, so create an unnumbered caption:

```

499         \ifcempty{KFLT@#1c}%
500             {\KFLT@docaption*}{#1}%
501             {\KFLT@docaption*\csuse{KFLT@#1c}}{#1}%
502     }%
503 }% starred caption

```

Unstarred caption c was given, so number this float:

```

504     {% unstarred caption
505         \ifcempty{KFLT@#1sc}%
506         {% no short cap
507             \ifcempty{KFLT@#1c}%
508                 {\KFLT@docaption}{#1}%
509                 {\KFLT@docaption\csuse{KFLT@#1c}}{#1}%
510         }% no short cap
511         {% short cap
512             \ifcempty{KFLT@#1c}%
513                 {\KFLT@docaption[\csuse{KFLT@#1sc}]}{#1}%
514                 {\KFLT@docaption[\csuse{KFLT@#1sc}]{\csuse{KFLT@#1c}}{#1}%
515         }% short cap

```

Optional label:

```

516         \ifcempty{KFLT@#1l}%
517         {}%
518         {\label{\csuse{KFLT@#1l}}}%
519     }% unstarred caption
520 }

```

3.13 Defaults for a new float

`\KFLT@defaults` Defaults all settings before reading the keys.

```

521 \newcommand*\KFLT@defaults{%

```

```

522 \setboolean{KFLT@cont}{false}%
523 \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
524 \setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}%
525 \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}%
526 \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{false}%
527 \renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{figure}%
528 \renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{}%
529 \renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{}%
530 \renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{}%
531 \renewcommand{\KFLT@a1}{}%
532 \renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{}%
533 \renewcommand{\KFLT@aup}{}%
534 \renewcommand{\KFLT@auf}{}%
535 \renewcommand{\KFLT@a1l}{}%
536 \renewcommand{\KFLT@aus}{}%
537 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{}%
538 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}%
539 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
540 \setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
541 \setlength{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
542 \renewcommand{\KFLT@keepaspectratio}{}%
543 \renewcommand{\KFLT@es}{1}%
544 \renewcommand{\KFLT@er}{0}%
545 \setboolean{KFLT@f}{false}%
546 \setboolean{KFLT@ft}{false}%
547 \renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{1}%
548 \setlength{\KFLT@mo}{-1.2ex}%
549 \renewcommand{\KFLT@wn}{}%
550 \renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}%
551 \renewcommand{\KFLT@wo}{\wrapoverhang}%
552 \renewcommand{\KFLT@w1w}{}%
553 \setlength{\KFLT@ww}{0pt}%
554 \renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}%
555 }

```

3.14 Row start/end processing

`\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow` Counts rows

After ending a preexisting row, move to the next row. The use of `\defcounter` makes this counter change local.

```

556 \newcommand*{\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{%
557   \KFLT@maybeendfloatrow%
558   \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{\value{KFLT@thiscol}+1}%
559 }

```

`\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow` Counts rows

Adds vertical space then resets to allow the start of a new row. The use of `\defcounter` makes this counter change local.

```
560 \newcommand*\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow{%
561   \ifnumless{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{\value{KFLT@numcols}}%
562   }% thiscol < numcols
563   {% >=
564     \par%
565     \addvspace{.75\floatsep}%
566     \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
567   }%
568 }
```

3.15 Key environment helper macros

`\KFLT@trackrows` Tracks and spaces rows and columns.

```
569 \newcommand{\KFLT@trackrows}%
570 {%
```

If are nested inside a keyfloats or a subfloat:

```
571   \ifboolexpr{%
572     test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or%
573     bool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
574   }%
575   {% nested
```

Tracks row start and end:

```
576     \KFLT@maybestartfloatrow%
```

Possibly fill space between columns:

```
577     \ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{1}%
578     {\hfill}%
579     }%
580   }% nested
581   {}% not nested
582 }
```

`\KFLT@addtext` `{\langle empty or “subgrp”\rangle}`

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs`.

```
583 \newcommand{\KFLT@addtext}[1]
584 {%
```

Is there text to add?

```
585   \ifcempty{KFLT@#1t}%
586   {}% no text
587   {% text to add
588   {% local
```

Add some space, then create a full-width minipage to contain the text:

```
589   \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%
590   \begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
```

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

```
591   \hbadness=10000\relax%
```

Set the alignment and some text parameters:

```
592   \csuse{KFLT@#1textalign}%
593   \footnotesize%
594   \setlength{\parskip}{1.5ex}%
595   \setlength{\parindent}{0em}%
```

Typeset the actual text:

```
596   \csuse{KFLT@#1t}%
```

Close it all out with a little more space:

```
597   \end{minipage}%
598   \par\addvspace{2ex}%
599   }% local
600   }% text to add
601 }
```

\KFLT@optionalname {*<name>*}

Adds optional artist's name and the following space.

```
602 \newcommand{\KFLT@optionalname}[1]
603 {%
604   \ifblank{#1}%
605   {}%
606   {#1~}%
607 }
```

`\KFLT@addartisttext` \langle *empty or “subgrp”* \rangle

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is $\{\}$ if a regular float, or subgrp if keysubfigs or keysubtabs.

One of two versions is used, depending on whether the `tocdata` package is available.

If `tocdata` is loaded and this float has an artist or author, then the float’s artist’s information and optional text will be printed elsewhere by `\KFLT@caption`. Otherwise, the text is printed here.

Two versions, depending on whether `tocdata` is loaded:

```
608 \ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
609 {% tocdata loaded
```

If `tocdata` is loaded:

```
610 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
611 {%
```

Only add text if is a figure without an artist or author name. If an artist or author is given, the name and text will be added by `tocdata`.

```
612   \ifcempty{KFLT@#1al}% artist last name
613     {%
614       \ifcempty{KFLT@#1aul}% author last name
615         {\KFLT@addtext{#1}}
616         {%
617       }%
618     }% fig w/ artist: text will be added by \captionartist in \KFLT@caption
619 }% KFLT@addartisttext
620 }% tocdata loaded
```

If `tocdata` is not loaded, the name and text are added here:

```
621 {% tocdata not loaded
```

Factored from `\KFLT@addartisttext`

```
622 \newcommand*{\KFLT@addartisttext}[3]{%
```

Add space and create the name inside a full-width minipage:

```
623   \addvspace{\medskipamount}%
624   \begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
```

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

```
625 \hbadness=10000\relax%
```

Text alignment is #3, and depends on artist or author:

```
626 #3%
```

#1 is empty or 'subgrp'

#2 is empty for artist, 'u' for author:

```
627 \footnotesize\textsc{%
628 \KFLT@optionalname{\csuse{KFLT@#1a#2p}}%
629 \KFLT@optionalname{\csuse{KFLT@#1a#2f}}%
630 \csuse{KFLT@#1a#2l}%
631 \csuse{KFLT@#1a#2s}%
632 }%
633 \end{minipage}%
634 \par\addvspace{2ex}%
635 }
636
637 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
638 {%
```

Only use the artist information if a last name is given:

```
639 \ifcempty{KFLT@#1al}%
640 {% artist last name not given
641 \ifcempty{KFLT@#1aul}%
642 }% author last name not given
643 {% author last name given
644 \KFLT@addartisttext{#1}{u}{\raggedleft}%
645 }% author last name given
646 }% artist last name not given
647 {% artist last name given
648 \KFLT@addartisttext{#1}{c}{\centering}%
649 }%
```

Any additional text follows the artist's name:

```
650 \KFLT@addtext{#1}%
651 }% KFLT@addartisttext
652 }% tocdata not loaded
```

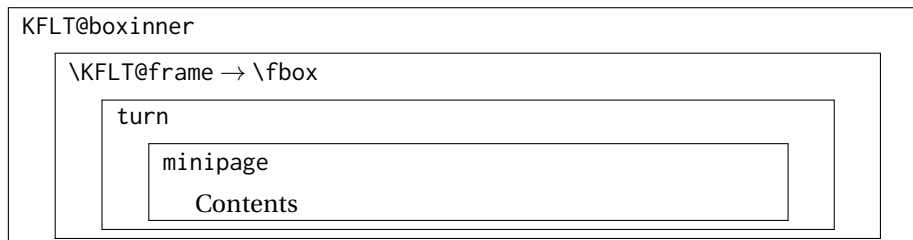
Len \KFLTimageboxwidth

The computed width of the object.

This may be used as the width parameter of a minipage to encase the object.

```
653 \newlength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}
```

Env `KFLT@boxinner` Typeset the contents in a width which depends on the keys.



```
654 \newsavebox{\KFLT@envbox}
655
656 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxinner}{}
657 {% keyboxinner
```

(Possibly) frame the contents of an `lrbox`:

```
658 \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Rotate the contents:

```
659 \turn{\KFLT@r}%
```

Box the contents in the width computed by `\KFLT@findwidths`:

```
660 \minipage{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
```

Spacing inside the box. Also default to regular justified text alignment.

```
661 \setlength{\parskip}{2ex}%
662 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\KFLT@stretch}%
663 }% keyboxinner
```

End of the environment:

```
664 {% endkeyboxinner
665 \endminipage%
```

End the rotated box:

```
666 \endturn%
```

Possibly frame:

```

667 \end{lrbox}%
668 \KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
669 \par%
670 }% endkeyboxinner

```

`\KFLT@sharedkeys` Key/values to apply to each object in this group, such as a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs`.

```
671 \newcommand*{\KFLT@sharedkeys}{}
```

`\KFLT@boxkeys` $\{ \langle keys \rangle \} \{ \langle float type \rangle \}$

Default the options, adjust for a table, then parse the keys:

```

672 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@boxkeys}{+m m}
673 {%

```

Set the key defaults:

```
674 \KFLT@defaults%
```

Remember the float type:

```

675 \ifbool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
676   {\renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{\@capttype}}%
677   {\renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{#2}}%

```

Set the shared keys. Expansion seems to be required for `xkeyval`.

```

678 \edef\next{\noexpand\setkeys{KFLT@keys}{\KFLT@sharedkeys}}%
679 \next%

```

Set the float-specific keys, which might override the group's keys:

```

680 \setkeys{KFLT@keys}{#1}%
681 }

```

Bool `KFLT@captionistop` Saves the value of `\caption@position`, which may become unreliable if using `Ko-`
`mascript` and

```
\captionsetup[table]{position=above}
```

```
682 \newbool{KFLT@captionistop}
```

`\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter` Used by `lwarp`.

```
683 \newcommand*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter}{}
```


Env KFLT@boxouter $\{\langle star? \rangle\} \{\langle loc \rangle\}$

Boxes the contents of figures and floats.

Not used by subfigures.

```
684 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxouter}{m m}
685 {% boxouter
```

The keyfigure and keytable environments handle the contents in one of three possible ways, depending on whether it is called alone, inside a keyfloats environment, or inside a keysubfigs or keysubtabs environment.

Start the new subfigure or subtable, of the given width:

```
686 \ifbool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
687 {\csuse{sub\KFLT@type}{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}% subfloat
```

If keyfloats, place the contents inside a minipage:

```
688 {% not subfloat:
689 \ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}%
690 {% keyfloats
691 \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}%
692 {\minipage[t]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
693 {\minipage[\KFLT@va]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
694 \captionsetup*{type=\KFLT@type}%
695 }% keyfloats
696 {% not keyfloats
```

A hook for lwarp to set \linewidth, etc.

```
697 \KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter%
```

Not a subfloat or keyfloats, so create a single float.

See if inside a keywrap. If so, force [H] and vertical align top.

```
698 \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}%
699 {%
700 \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
701 \noindent%
702 \minipage[t]{\linewidth}%
703 \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
704 }%
705 {% not a keywrap
```

See if the float should [W]rap:

```
706          \ifstrequal{#2}{W}%
```

Place [W], so create a wrapfloat using the wrapfig package:

```
707          {% [W]
```

Temporarily figure out \KFLT@imagewidth, and make the wrapped figure environment as wide as the desired image size plus frame:

```
708          \KFLT@findwidths%
```

Expand the arguments for wrapfig:

```
709          \edef\next{%
710              \noexpand\wrapfloat%
711                  {\KFLT@type}{\KFLT@wn}{\KFLT@wp}{\KFLT@wo}%
712                  {\KFLT@wrapwidth+2\KFLTlooseframewidth}%
713              }%
714          \next%
```

```
715          \minipage{\KFLT@wrapwidth+2\KFLTlooseframewidth}%
```

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

```
716          \hbadness=10000\relax%
```

```
717          \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
```

Change the interior image to the discovered fixed width.

```
718          \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
719          \renewcommand{\KFLT@w}{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
720          \renewcommand{\KFLT@wlw}{}%
721          \renewcommand{\KFLT@ww}{\opt}%
722          }% [W]
723          {% not [W]
```

See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:

```
724          \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%
```

Place [M], so create a marginfloat:

```
725          {% [M]
726              \KFLT@marginfloat[\KFLT@mo]{\KFLT@type}%
727          }% [M]
728          {% not [M]
```

See if the float should be positioned [H]ere:

```
729             \ifstrequal{#2}{H}%
```

Place [H], so create an inline minipage:

```
730             {% [H]
731                 \vskip\intextsep%
732                 \noindent\minipage[\KFLT@va]{\linewidth}%
733                 \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
734                 \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
735             }% [H]
```

Not [H], so create a float: For a starred float, make a two-column table in a two-col format.

```
736             {% not [H]
737                 \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
738                     {\csuse{\KFLT@type*}[#2]}%
739                     {\csuse{\KFLT@type}[#2]}%
740                 }% not [H]
741             }% not [M]
742         }% not [W]
743     }% not keywrap
744 }% not keyfloats
745 }% not subfloat
```

Handle a continued float. Ignored if in a subfloat.

```
746     \ifbool{KFLT@cont}{\ContinuedFloat}{}%
```

Figure out image and parbox widths for the contents:

```
747     \KFLT@findwidths%
```

Place the caption above the contents depending on caption position option:

```
748     \caption@iftop%
749         {\booltrue{KFLT@captionistop}}%
750         {\boolfalse{KFLT@captionistop}}%
751     \ifbool{KFLT@captionistop}{\KFLT@caption{}}{}%
```

Typeset the contents:

```
752     \center\unskip%
753 }% boxouter
```

End of the KFLT@boxouter environment:

```
754 {% endboxouter
755   \endcenter\unskip%
756   \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%
```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
757   \KFLT@addartisttext{}%
```

Place the caption below the contents depending on caption position option:

```
758   \ifbool{KFLT@captionistop}{\KFLT@caption{}}%
```

If are inside keysubtabs, end the subtable:

```
759   \ifbool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
760   {%
761     \csuse{endsub\KFLT@type}%
762   }% subfloat
763   {% not subfloat
764     \ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}% keyfloats?
765     {%

766         \endminipage%
767     }% keyfloats
768     {% not keyfloats
```

Not subfloat or keyfloats, so is an individual float.

Close the minipage or float:

See if in a keywrap:

```
769         \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}{%
770           \endminipage%
771           \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
772         }%
773         {% not keywrap
```

See if the float should [W]rap:

```
774             \ifstrequal{#2}{W}%
```

Place [W], so close the wrap float:

```
775             {% [W]
```

```

776             \endminipage%
777             \endwrapfloat%
778         }% [W]
779         {% not[W]

```

See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:

```

780             \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%

```

[M], so close the marginfloat:

```

781             {% [M]
782             \endKFLT@marginfloat%
783             }% [M]

```

[H] or float:

```

784             {% not [M]
785             \ifstrequal{#2}{H}%
786             {%
787                 \endminipage% [H]
788                 \vskip\intextsep%
789             }%
790             {% not [H]
791                 \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred float?
792                 {\csuse{end\KFLT@type*}}%
793                 {\csuse{end\KFLT@type}}%
794             }% not [H]
795             }% not [M]
796             }% not [W]
797             }% not keywrap
798             }% not keyfloats
799             }% not subfloat
800 }% endkeyboxouter

```

`\KFLT@ignorespaces` $\{ \langle \textit{commandname} \rangle \}$ Only do command if not nested inside something.

```

801 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ignorespaces}[1]{%
802     \ifboolexpr{%
803         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or%
804         bool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
805     }{\csuse{#1}}%
806 }

```

`\KFLT@ignorespaces` Only `\ignorespaces` if not nested inside something.

```

807 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ignorespaces}{%

```

```
808 \KFLT@ignorespaces{ignorespaces}%
809 }
```

`\KFLT@envignorespaces` Only `\ignorespaces` if not nested inside something.

```
810 \newcommand*{\KFLT@envignorespaces}{%
811 \KFLT@ignorespaces{ignorespacesafterend}%
812 }
```

3.16 The `\KFLT@keyflt` macro

`\KFLT@keyflt` $\langle 1:star \rangle \langle 2:loc \rangle \langle 3:type \rangle \langle 4:keys/values \rangle \langle 5:contents \rangle$

A lower-level macro to generate a float with its contents. This is used by `\keyfig` and `\keyflt`.

```
813 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@keyflt}{m m m +m +m}
814 {%

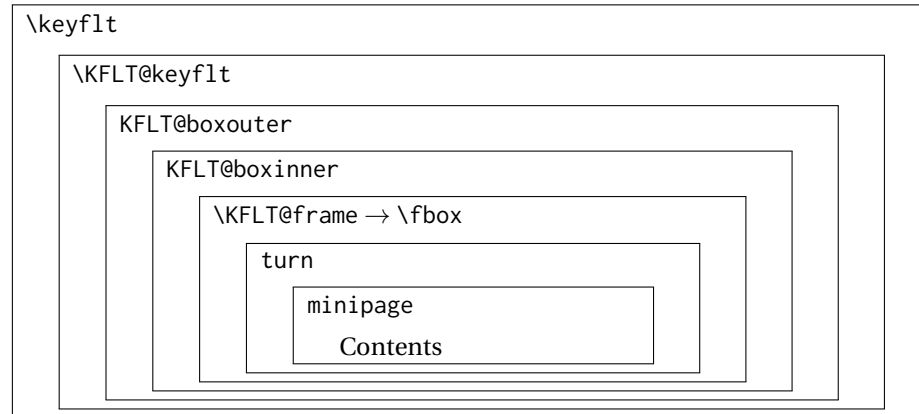
815 \ifcsdef{ftype@#3}{}%
816 \PackageError{keyfloat}%
817 {%
818 \protect\keyflt: Invalid float type.\MessageBreak%
819 \protect\keyflt*[loc]{type}{keys/values}{contents}\MessageBreak%
820 Also, \protect\keyflt\space is not an environment
821 }%
822 {%
823 Check argument order and float type.
824 }%
825 }%

826 \KFLT@ignorespaces%
827 \KFLT@trackrows%
828 \KFLT@boxkeys{#4}{#3}%
829 \begingroup%
830 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
831 #5%
832 \endKFLT@boxouter%
833 \endgroup%
834 \KFLT@ignorespaces%
835 }
```

3.17 The `\keyflt` macro

`\keyflt` * $[\langle loc \rangle] \langle type \rangle \langle keys/values \rangle \langle contents \rangle$

A user-level macro to generate a float with its contents centered inside an inner box. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.



```

836 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfloat}{s O{tbp} m +m +m}
837 {%
838   \KFLT@keyflt{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{%
839     \KFLT@boxouter
840     \centering%
841     #5%
842     \endKFLT@boxinner%
843   }%
844 }

```

`\endkeyfloat` Generates an error in case the user tried to use `\keyfloat` as an environment.

```

845 \def\endkeyfloat{%
846   \PackageError{keyfloat}
847   {%
848     \protect\end{keyfloat}:\MessageBreak
849     \protect\keyfloat\space is a macro, not an environment.\MessageBreak
850     Perhaps you want the keyfloat environment instead%
851   }
852   {%
853     Use \protect\begin{keyfloat} ... \protect\end{keyfloat}.
854   }
855 }

```

3.18 The keyfloat environment

`\KFLT@keyfloatstart` $\{\langle star? \rangle\} \{\langle loc \rangle\} \{\langle float type \rangle\} \{\langle keys/values \rangle\}$

```

856 \newcommand{\KFLT@keyfloatstart}[4]{%
857   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
858   \KFLT@boxkeys{#4}{#3}%
859   \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
860   \KFLT@boxinner%
861 }

```

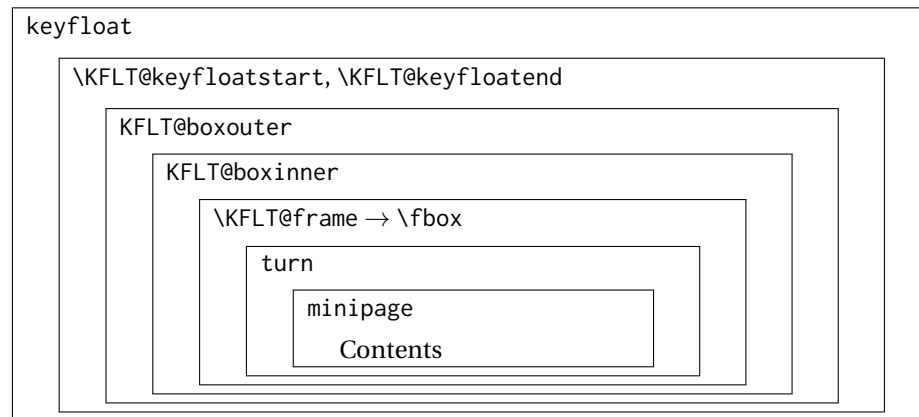
\KFLT@keyfloatend

```

862 \newcommand{\KFLT@keyfloatend}{%
863   \endKFLT@boxinner%
864   \endKFLT@boxouter%
865   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
866 }

```

Env keyfloat * [*loc*] {*float type*} {*keys/values*}



```

867 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloat}{s O{tbp} m +m}
868 {%
869   \KFLT@keyfloatstart{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
870 }%
871 {%
872   \KFLT@keyfloatend%
873 }

```

Before keyfloat Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfloat environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

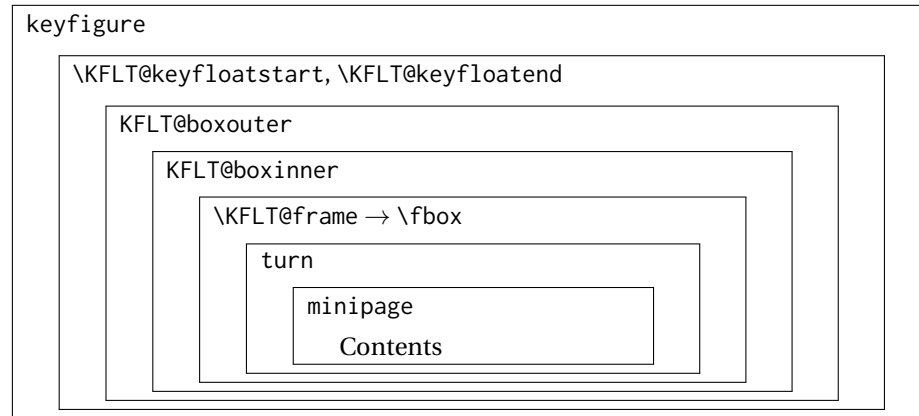
```

874 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloat}{%
875   \KFLT@trackrows%
876 }

```


3.19 The keyfigure environment

Env keyfigure * [*loc*] {*keys/values*}



```

877 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfigure}{s O{tbp} +m}
878 {%
879   \KFLT@keyfloatstart{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}%
880 }%
881 {%
882   \KFLT@keyfloatend%
883 }

```

Before keyfigure Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfigure environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```

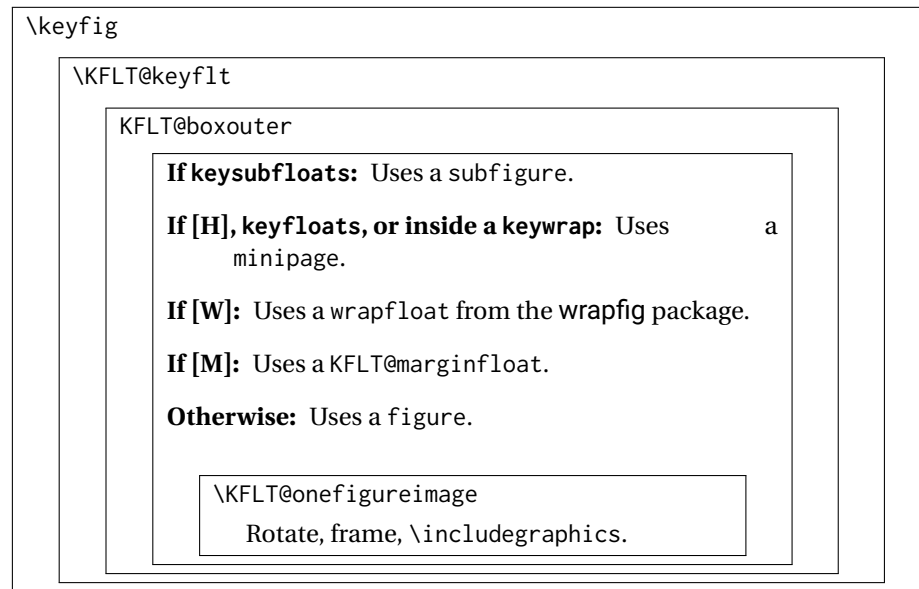
884 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfigure}{%
885   \KFLT@trackrows%
886 }

```

3.20 The \keyfig macro

\keyfig * [*2:loc*] {*3:keys/values*} {*4:image filename*}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with an image. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubfigs environment.



```

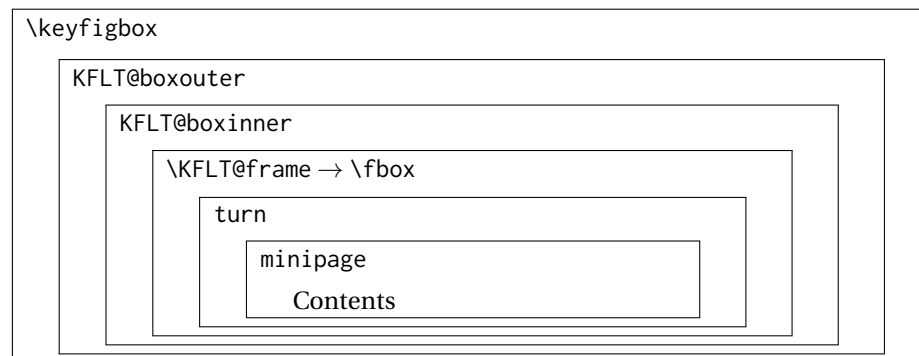
887 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfig}{s O{tbp} +m m}
888 {%
889     \KFLT@keyflt{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}{%
890         \KFLT@onefigureimage{#4}%
891     }%
892 }

```

3.21 The \keyfigbox macro

`\keyfigbox` * [*loc*] {*keys/values*} {*box contents*}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.



```

893 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfigbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
894 {%
895   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
896   \KFLT@trackrows%
897   \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}%
898   \begingroup%
899   \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
900   \KFLT@boxinner%
901   #4%
902   \endKFLT@boxinner%
903   \endKFLT@boxouter%
904   \endgroup%
905   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
906 }

```

3.22 The `\keyparbox` macro

`\keyparbox` * [*loc*] {*keys/values*} {*box contents*}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a `\keyfigbox` with `cstar={}`. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.

```

907 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyparbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
908 {%
909   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
910   \KFLT@trackrows%
911   \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}%

```

Force `cstar={}`:

```

912   \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
913   \setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}%

```

Continue like `\figbox`:

```

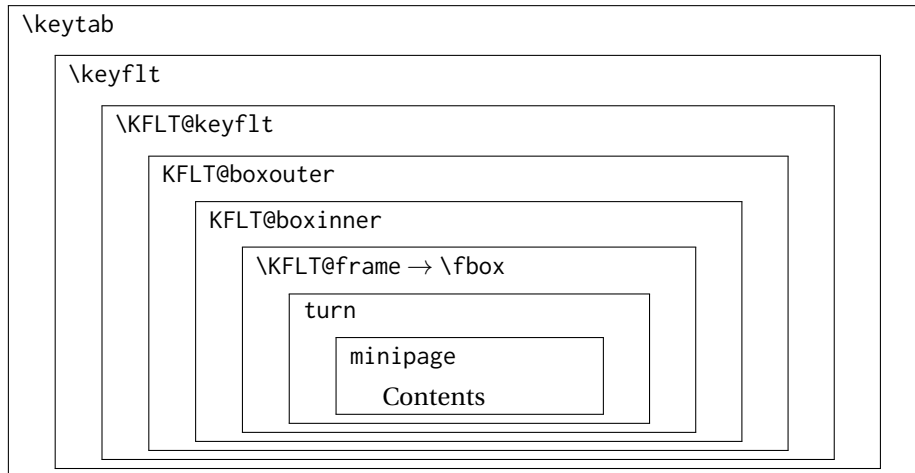
914   \begingroup%
915   \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
916   \KFLT@boxinner%
917   #4%
918   \endKFLT@boxinner%
919   \endKFLT@boxouter%
920   \endgroup%
921   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
922 }

```

3.23 The `\keytab` macro

`\keytab` * [*loc*] {*keys/values*} {*tabular contents*}

A user-level macro to generate a table with tabular contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.



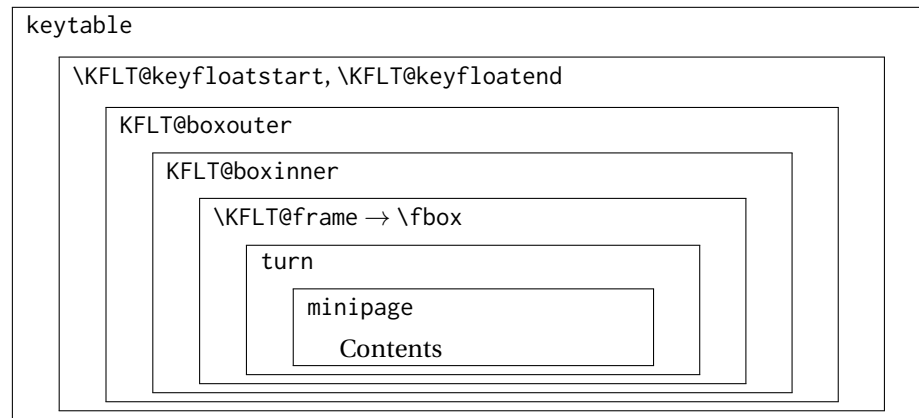
```

923 \NewDocumentCommand{\keytab}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
924 {%
925   \IfBooleanTF{#1}{%
926     \keyflt*[#2]{table}{#3}{#4}%
927   }{%
928     \keyflt[#2]{table}{#3}{#4}%
929   }%
930 }

```

3.24 The `keytable` environment

Env `keytable` * [*loc*] {*keys/values*}



```

931 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keytable}{s O{tbp} +m}
932 {%
933     \KFLT@keyfloatstart{#1}{#2}{table}{#3}%
934 }%
935 {%
936     \KFLT@keyfloatend%
937 }

```

Before keytable Extra code to track rows outside of the keytable environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```

938 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keytable}{%
939     \KFLT@trackrows%
940 }

```

3.25 A row of floats

\KFLT@nonest Error message if tried to nest subfloats.

```

941 \newcommand*\KFLT@nonest{%
942     \ifboolexpr{%
943         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or
944         bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
945     }%
946     {%
947         \PackageError{keyfloat}%
948         {%
949             Cannot nest keysubfigs or keysubtabs.\MessageBreak%
950             (Not in outer par mode.)%
951         }%
952     }%
953     The subcaption package do not support nested environments,%

```

```

954         \MessageBreak
955         so the keyfloat package cannot place a\MessageBreak
956         keysubfigs or keysubtabs environment inside another,%
957         \MessageBreak
958         or inside a keyfloats.%
959     }%
960 }%
961 {}%
962 }

```

`\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats` Used by `lwarp`.

```
963 \newcommand*\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats}{}%
```

`KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage` `{\langle contents \rangle}`

Modified by `lwarp`.

```

964 \newenvironment*\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage}[1]
965     {\noindent\minipage[\KFLT@va]{#1}}
966     {\endminipage}

```

Env `keyfloats` * `[\langle loc \rangle] [\langle num columns \rangle] [\langle shared keys/values \rangle]`

User-level macro to create rows of figures/tables. Wrapping occurs after the number of specified columns. `keyfloats` environments may be nested to create a vertical set of figures next to a single larger figure, for example.

Place `\keyfig`, `\keyfigbox`, and `\keytab` commands inside the `keyfloats` environment.

Note that `lw` linewidth keys may need to be adjusted inside a `keyfloats`, `keysubfigs`, or `keysubtabs`, since `\linewidth` changes depending on the number of columns. Likewise, manually-selected `w` width and `h` tags may need to be adjusted to prevent overflow.

keyfloats

If [H], nested, subfloats, or keywrap: Uses a minipage.

If [W]: Uses a wrapfloat.

If [M]: Uses `\KFLT@marginfloat`.

Otherwise: Uses a figure.

Contents

```
967 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloats}{s O{tbp} m O{}}
```

```
968 {%
```

```
969   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
```

A hook for `lwarp` to set `\linewidth`, etc.

```
970   \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats%
```

Track the depth:

```
971   \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{1}%
```

Nest the group's keys.

```
972   \edef\KFLT@outersharedkeys{\KFLT@sharedkeys}%
```

```
973   \edef\KFLT@sharedkeys{\KFLT@sharedkeys,#4}%
```

If [H], nested, subfloats, or keywrap, use a minipage instead of a float:

```
974   \ifboolexpr{%
975     test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
976     test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
977     bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats} or
978     bool {KFLT@keywrap}%
979   }%
```

Create an inline minipage:

```
980   {% [H] or nested
```

If nested, use different spacing as was computed in the outer nesting level:

```
981     \ifboolexpr{%
982       test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
983       bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
984     }%
```

985 {%

Use the keys from the outer container. Expansion required for xkeyval.

986 \edef\next{\noexpand\setkeys{KFLT@keys}{\KFLT@outersharedkeys}}%
987 \next%

Create the containing minipage:

988 \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
989 }%
990 {%
991 \vskip\intextsep%
992 \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\linewidth}%
993 }%

Reset font and color:

994 \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%

If inside subfloats, generate subfigures by default:

995 \ifbool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
996 {%
997 {\captionsetup*{type=figure}}%
998 }% [H] or nested

Isn't [H] or nested

999 {% See if [W]:
1000 \ifstrequal{#2}{W}
1001 {% [W]:

[W]:

1002 \wrapfloat{figure}{0}{.5\linewidth}%
1003 \minipage{\linewidth}%

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

1004 \hbadness=10000\relax%

1005 \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
1006 }%
1007 {% not [H]:
1008 \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%
1009 {% [M]:

[M]:

```
1010          \KFLT@marginfloat{figure}%
1011          }%
```

A normal figure:

```
1012          {% figure
1013          \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred figure, two-col figure in a two-col format
1014              {\begin{figure*}[#2]}%
1015              {\begin{figure}[#2]}%
1016          }% figure
1017          }% not [H]
1018          }%
```

Compute the width of each entry:

```
1019          \ifboolexpr{%
1020              test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
1021              bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
1022          }%
```

Nested or subfloats:

```
1023          {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\KFLT@rowboxwidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Keyfloats:

```
1024          {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Center the contents:

```
1025          \centering%
```

Count columns using \defcounter for a local effect:

```
1026          \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
1027          \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
1028 }% starting keyfloats environment
```

When ending a keyfloats environment:

```
1029 {% ending keyfloats environment
```

[H] or rows/subfigs? Close a minipage:

```
1030          \ifboolexpr{%
```

```

1031     test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
1032     test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
1033     bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats} or
1034     bool {KFLT@keywrap}
1035   }%
1036   {% was [H], etc.
1037     \endKFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage%
1038 %     \end{minipage}%

```

Spacing if nested or not:

```

1039     \ifboolexpr{
1040       test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or
1041       bool {KFLT@keywrap}
1042     }%
1043     {}{% not nested
1044       \vskip\intextsep%
1045     }%
1046   }% was [H], etc.

```

Not [H]:

```

1047   {% not [H], etc.
1048     \ifstrequal{#2}{W}%
1049     {% [W]:

```

[W]:

```

1050         \endminipage%
1051         \endwrapfloat%
1052     }%
1053     {%
1054         \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%
1055         {% [M]:

```

[M]:

```

1056             \endKFLT@marginfloat%
1057         }%
1058         {% figure

```

A figure:

```

1059             \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred figure?
1060             {\end{figure*}}{\end{figure}}%
1061         }%
1062     }%
1063   }% not [H], etc.

```

Unnest the environment:

```
1064 \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{-1}%
1065 \KFLT@envignorespaces%
1066 }
```

Before keyfloats Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfloats environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
1067 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloats}{%
1068 \KFLT@trackrows%
1069 }
```

3.26 Subfloats

\KFLT@subgrpdefaults Sets defaults before reading the keys.

```
1070 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpdefaults}{%
1071 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{false}%
1072 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}%
1073 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
1074 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}%
1075 \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{false}%
1076 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{figure}%
1077 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{}%
1078 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}%
1079 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpapf}{}%
1080 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap1}{}%
1081 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap2}{}%
1082 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpapup}{}%
1083 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpapuf}{}%
1084 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap1uf}{}%
1085 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap2uf}{}%
1086 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}%
1087 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}%
1088 }
```

Bool KFLT@subcaptionistop Saves the value of \caption@position, which may become unreliable if using KOMAScript and

```
\captionsetup[table]{position=above}
```

```
1089 \newbool{KFLT@subcaptionistop}
```

\KFLT@subfloats $\langle\langle\textit{starred?}\rangle\rangle\langle\langle\textit{loc}\rangle\rangle\langle\langle\textit{cols}\rangle\rangle\langle\langle\textit{keys/values}\rangle\rangle$

```
\KFLT@subfloats, \KTLT@endsubfloats
```

If [H] or keywrap: Uses a minipage.

If [W]: Uses a wrapfloat and a minipage.

If [M]: Uses \KFLT@marginfloat.

Otherwise: Uses a subfigure, etc.

Contents

Start a subfloat environment

```
1090 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@subfloats}{m m m +m}
1091 {%
1092   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
```

Parse the key-value combinations:

```
1093   \setkeys{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{#4}%
```

Nest the environment:

```
1094   \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{true}%
```

Figure out the width of each subfloat. If starred, use the full-page \textwidth, else use \linewidth. .9 is used to leave a little room between columns.

```
1095   \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
1096     {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\textwidth/\real{#3}}}%
1097     {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

If [H], or in a keywrap, create an inline minipage:

```
1098   \ifboolexpr{%
1099     test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
1100     bool {KFLT@keywrap}
1101   }%
1102   {%
1103     \vskip\intextsep\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
1104     \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
1105   }%
```

Not [H]:

```
1106   {%
1107     \ifstrequal{#2}{W}%
1108     {% [W]
```

[W]:

```
1109      \wrapfloat{\KFLT@subgrptype}{0}{.5\linewidth}%
1110      \setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.5\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
1111      \minipage{\linewidth}%
```

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

```
1112      \hbadness=10000\relax%

1113      \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
1114      }%
1115      {% not [H]:
1116      \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%
1117      {% [M]:
```

[M]:

```
1118      \KFLT@marginfloat{\KFLT@subgrptype}%
1119      \setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\marginparwidth/\real{#3}}%
1120      }% [M]
1121      {% subfloat
```

A subfloat:

```
1122      \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
1123      {\begin{\KFLT@subgrptype*}[#2]}%
1124      {\begin{\KFLT@subgrptype}[#2]}%
1125      }%
1126      }% not [H]
1127      }%
```

Set the caption type:

```
1128      \captionsetup*{type=\KFLT@subgrptype}%
```

Process continued floats:

```
1129      \ifbool{\KFLT@subgrprcont}%
1130      {\ContinuedFloat}%
1131      {}%
```

Center the contents:

```
1132      \center\unskip%
```

Place the caption above the contents depending on caption position option:

```

1133 \caption@iftop%
1134     {\booltrue{KFLT@subcaptionistop}}%
1135     {\boolfalse{KFLT@subcaptionistop}}%
1136 \ifbool{KFLT@subcaptionistop}{\KFLT@caption{subgrp}}{}%

```

Not yet started a row of subfloats. The use of `\defcounter` makes these changes local.

```

1137 \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
1138 \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%

```

Create a group for the subfloats. Necessary in case they change `\tdartisttextcenter`, etc.

```

1139 \begingroup%
1140 }

```

```
\KFLT@endsubfloats {<starred?>} {<loc>}
```

Ends a subfloat environment.

```
1141 \newcommand*{\KFLT@endsubfloats}[2]{%
```

End the group containing the subfloats:

```

1142 \endgroup%
1143 \unskip%
1144 \endcenter%

```

A little extra space at the bottom:

```
1145 \par\addvspace{\bigskipamount}%
```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
1146 \KFLT@addartisttext{subgrp}%
```

Place the caption below the contents depending on caption position option:

```
1147 \ifbool{KFLT@subcaptionistop}{\KFLT@caption{subgrp}}%
```

End the float or minipage:

```

1148 \ifboolexpr{%
1149     test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
1150     bool{KFLT@keywrap}
1151 }%
1152 {\end{minipage}\vskip\intextsep}% was [H]

```

```

1153      {% not [H]:
1154          \ifstrequal{#2}{W}%
1155          {% [W]

1156          \endminipage%
1157          \endwrapfloat%
1158      }%
1159      {% not [W]:
1160          \ifstrequal{#2}{M}%
1161          {% [M]:

1162          \endKFLT@marginfloat%
1163      }% [M]
1164      {% subfloat
1165          \IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred?
1166              {\end{\KFLT@subgrptype*}}%
1167              {\end{\KFLT@subgrptype}}%
1168      }%
1169      }% not [W]
1170      }% not [H]

```

Unnest the environment:

```

1171      \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}%
1172      \KFLT@envignorespaces%
1173 }

```

`\KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats` Used by `lwarp`.

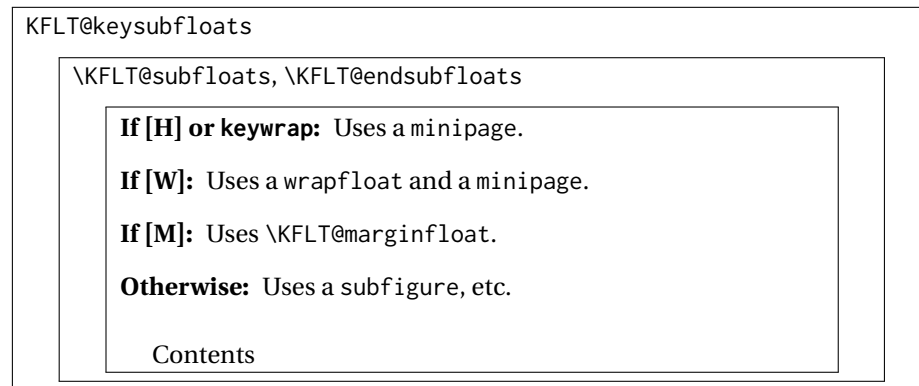
```

1174 \newcommand*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats}{}

```

Env `KFLT@keysubfloats` $\{ \langle 1: star? \rangle \} \{ \langle 2: loc \rangle \} \{ \langle 3: float type \rangle \} \{ \langle 4: numcols \rangle \} \{ \langle 5: keys/values \rangle \} \{ \langle 6: shared keys/values \rangle \}$

A group of subfigures typeset in rows.



```

1175 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@keysubfloats}{m m m m +m m}
1176 {%

```

Error if trying to nest environments:

```

1177 \KFLT@nonest%

```

A hook for `lwarp` to set `\linewidth`, etc.

```

1178 \KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats%

```

Default the options:

```

1179 \KFLT@subgrpdefaults%

```

Nest the group's keys:

```

1180 \edef\KFLT@sharedkeys{\KFLT@sharedkeys,#6}%

```

Default to figure float type:

```

1181 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{#3}%

```

Start of the environment:

```

1182 \KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#4}{#5}%
1183 }% the start of the environment

```

end of the environment:

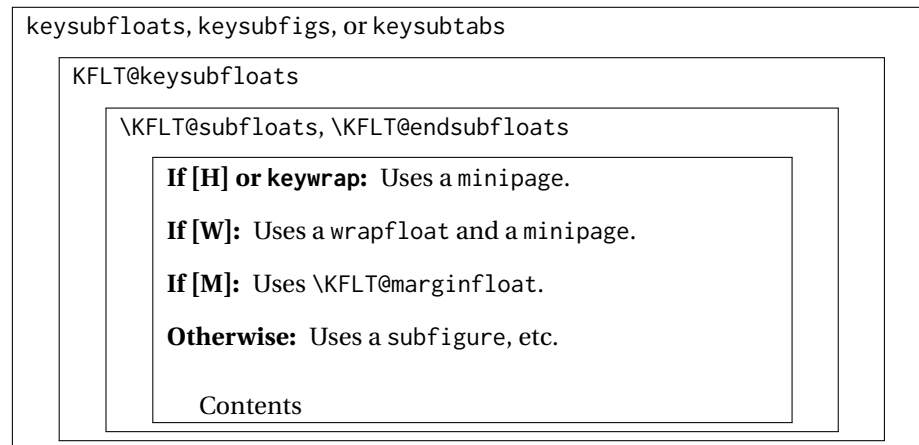
```

1184 {%
1185 \KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
1186 }

```


Env `keysubfloats` * [$\langle 2: loc \rangle$] [$\langle 3: float type \rangle$] [$\langle 4: numcols \rangle$] [$\langle 5: keys/values \rangle$] [$\langle 6: shared keys/values \rangle$]

A group of subfloats typeset in rows.



```
1187 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubfloats}{s O{tbp} m m +m O{}}
1188   {\KFLT@keysubfloats{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}}
1189   {\endKFLT@keysubfloats}
```

Env `keysubfigs` * [$\langle 2: loc \rangle$] [$\langle 3: numcols \rangle$] [$\langle 4: keys/values \rangle$] [$\langle 5: shared keys/values \rangle$]

A group of subfigures typeset in rows.

```
1190 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubfigs}{s O{tbp} m +m O{}}
1191   {\KFLT@keysubfloats{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1192   {\endKFLT@keysubfloats}
```

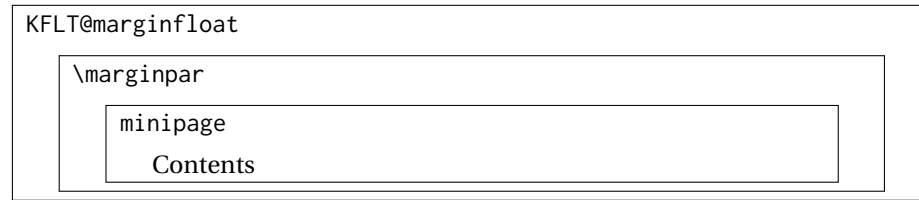
Env `keysubtabs` * [$\langle 2: loc \rangle$] [$\langle 3: numcols \rangle$] [$\langle 4: keys/values \rangle$] [$\langle 5: shared keys/values \rangle$]

A group of subtables typeset in rows.

```
1193 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubtabs}{s O{tbp} m +m O{}}
1194   {\KFLT@keysubfloats{#1}{#2}{table}{#3}{#4}{#5}}
1195   {\endKFLT@keysubfloats}
```

3.27 Margin floats

Env `KFLT@marginfloat` [$\langle offset \rangle$] [$\langle type \rangle$]

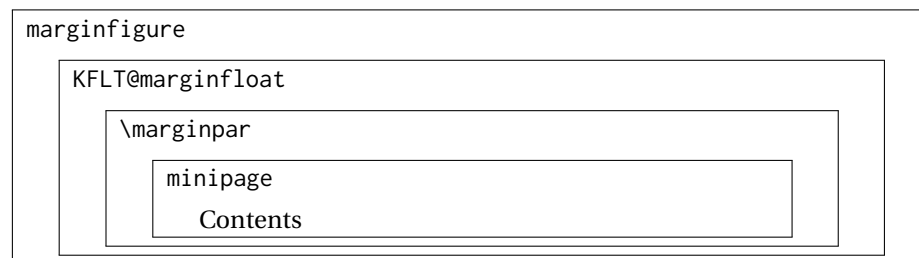


```

1196 \newsavebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}
1197
1198 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@marginfloat}{0{-1.2ex} m}
1199 {% start
1200   \FloatBarrier% keep floats in order
1201   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
1202   \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}%
1203   \begin{minipage}{\marginparwidth}%
1204   \captionsetup{type=#2}%
1205   \hbox{} \vspace*{#1}%
1206   \noindent%
1207   \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
1208 }% start
1209 {% end
1210   \end{minipage}%
1211   \end{lrbox}%
1212   \marginpar{\usebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}}%
1213   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
1214 }% end
  
```

Provided in case `tufte-book` is not loaded:

Env `marginfigure` [*offset*]



```

1215 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{marginfigure}{0{-1.2ex}}
1216 {\begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{figure}}
1217 {\end{KFLT@marginfloat}}
  
```

Env `marginable` [*offset*]

```

1218 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{marginfloat}{0{-1.2ex}}
1219   {\begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{table}}
1220   {\end{KFLT@marginfloat}}

```

3.28 Wrapped floats

Bool KFLT@keywrap

Tells the next keyfloat to wrap around some text.

```

1221 \newboolean{KFLT@keywrap}
1222 \boolfalse{KFLT@keywrap}

```

Len \KFLT@keywrapwidth

The width of the object to be wrapped beside the text.

```

1223 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}

```

Len \KFLT@keywrapparskip

The \parskip outside of the keywrap.

```

1224 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}

```

Len \KFLT@keywrapparindent

The \parindent outside of the keywrap.

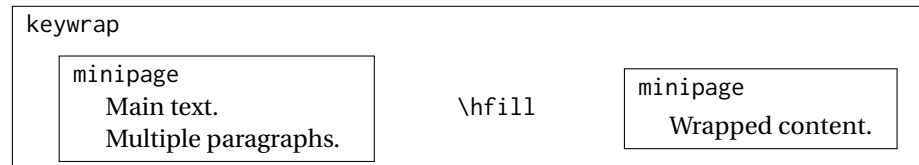
```

1225 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}

```

Env keywrap $\{\langle width \rangle\} \{\langle wrapped content \rangle\}$

The main text is placed in a minipage to the left, and the wrapped content is later placed in another minipage to the right.



```

1226 \DeclareDocumentEnvironment{keywrap}{m +m}%
1227 {%
1228   \par\noindent%
1229   \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{\linewidth}%
1230   \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-#1}%
1231   \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-2em}%
1232   \minipage[t]{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}%
1233 %
1234   \setlength{\parskip}{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}%
1235   \setlength{\parindent}{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}%
1236   \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%

```

```
1237 }
1238 {%
1239   \par%
1240   \endminipage%
1241   \hfill%
1242   \begin{minipage}[t]{#1}%
1243     \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%
1244     \normalcolor\reset@font\normalsize%
```

Inside this minipage, temporarily prevent underfull \hbox warnings:

```
1245   \hbadness=10000\relax%

1246   #2%
1247   \par%
1248   \unskip\vspace{\smallskipamount}%
1249   \end{minipage}%
1250   \par%
1251 }
1252
1253 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keywrap}{%
1254   \setlength{KFLT@keywrapparskip}{\parskip}%
1255   \setlength{KFLT@keywrapparindent}{\parindent}%
1256 }
```

4 keyfloat package maintenance

To compile `keyfloat.sty` and `\keyfloat.pdf` from `keyfloat.dtx` and `keyfloat.ins`:

```
pdflatex keyfloat.ins
pdflatex keyfloat.dtx
pdflatex keyfloat.dtx
pdflatex keyfloat.dtx
makeindex -s gglo.ist -o keyfloat.gls keyfloat.glo
splitindex keyfloat.idx -- -s gind.ist
pdflatex keyfloat.dtx
pdflatex keyfloat.dtx
```

Change History

For the most recent changes, see page [111](#).

v0.10	Handle vertical alignment key va.	81
General: 2016/12/01 Initial ver.	v1.00	
v0.11	General: 2019/01/11	1
\KFLT@addtext: Improved paragraph	Docs PDF bookmark	
handling.	improvements.	1
General: 2016/12/02	Removed xifthen dependency.	49
v0.12	Removed spurious spaces.	1
\keyfigbox: Group around contents.	Source formatting improvements.	1
\keyflt: Group around contents.	v2.00	
\keyparbox: Group around contents.	\KFLT@docaption: Factored.	69
General: 2016/12/09	\KFLT@ignorespaces: Added.	85
Adapts to older version of tocdata.	\KFLT@caption: Generalized for float	
Added mo key.	type.	73
Added wp key.	\KFLT@docaption: Added support for	
Docs: Improved index.	authors.	71
Docs: Loading keyfloat.	\KFLT@envignorespaces: Added.	86
Docs: Margin float examples.	\KFLT@ignorespaces: Added.	85
Docs: Wrapped float examples.	\KFLT@keyfloatend: Factored.	88
marginfigure: Added.	\KFLT@keyfloatstart: Factored.	87
marginfigure: Added.	\KFLT@keyflt: Added.	86
KFLT@boxouter: [M] and [W] floats.	\KFLT@onefigureimage: Filename in	
v0.13	arg instead of \KFLT@i.	67
\KFLT@subfloats: Fix: Subfloat type	\KFLT@prohibitpackage: Improved	
selection.	package conflict detection.	49
General: 2017/01/18	\endkeyflt: Added.	87
\KFLTimageboxwidth: Added.	\keyfig: Factored.	90
Docs: Other Settings.	\keyflt: Added.	87
Fix: Expands names in references.	\keytab: Factored.	92
v0.14	General: 2019/03/21	1
\KFLT@docaption: Fix: No index entry	Added custom float types.	1
if no artist given.	Added float authors.	1
General: 2017/02/09	Adjustments for tocdata v2.00.	54
v0.15	keyfloat: Added.	88
\KFLT@subfloats: Adjustments for	KFLT@boxouter: Added custom float	
keywrap.	types.	82, 85
General: 2017/05/12	v2.01	
Added vertical alignment key va.	\KFLT@endsubfloats: Added	
keyfloats: Adjustments for keywrap.	keysubfloats [M].	103
keywrap: Added.	Added keysubfloats [W].	103
KFLT@boxouter: Adjustments for	Fix: Positions with KOMAScript.	102
keywrap.	Improved vertical space.	102

\KFLT@subfloats: Added	Fixed \hbadness w/ \relax.	1
keysubfloats [M].	v2.04	
Added keysubfloats [W].	General: 2021/06/08	1
Fix: Font and color.	Added wn key.	57
Fix: Positions with KOMASCRIP.	Added wo key.	58
Improved vertical space.	KFLT@boxouter: Added wn and wo.	82
General: 2019/09/23	v2.05	
tablehere: Fix: Font and color.	General: 2021/06/11	1
Improved vertical space.	Docs: Fixed r key.	13
keyfloats: Added keyfloats [M].	Docs: Fixed braces for multi-word	
Added keyfloats [W].	values.	13
Fix: Font and color.	KFLT@boxouter: No longer patch	
Improved vertical space.	wrapfig for expansion.	82
keywrap: Fix: \noindent.	v2.06	
Fix: Font and color.	\KFLT@boxkeys: Added shared keys.	80
KFLT@boxouter: Fix: Font and color.	\KFLT@caption: Fix for empty	
Fix: Positions with KOMASCRIP.	caption.	73
Improved vertical space.	\KFLT@defaults: Added kar.	73
KFLT@marginfloat: Fix: Font and	\KFLT@includegraphics: Clip if close	
color.	to \linewidth.	66
figurehere: Fix: Font and color.	Warn if image too wide.	66
Improved vertical space.	\KFLT@keepaspectratio: Added kar.	56
v2.02	\KFLT@onefigureimage: Added kar.	67
\KFLT@addartisttext: Avoid	Fix: lw with h.	68
underfull \hbox warning.	\KFLT@sharedkeys: Added shared	
\KFLT@addtext: Avoid underfull	keys.	80
\hbox warning.	General: 2021/06/29	1
\KFLT@findwidths: Added ww and	Added kar.	56
wlv.	keyfloats: Added shared keys.	95, 96
\KFLT@keyflt: Work with float.	keysubfigs: Added shared keys.	105
\KFLT@subfloats: Avoid underfull	keysubfloats: Added shared keys.	105
\hbox warning.	keysubtabs: Added shared keys.	105
General: 2021/05/27	KFLT@keysubfloats: Added shared	
Added ww and wlv.	keys.	104
Work with float.	KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage:	
keyfloats: Avoid underfull \hbox	Added vertical alignment.	94
warning.	v2.07	
keywrap: Avoid underfull \hbox	\KFLT@boxkeys: Fixed: Nested types.	80
warning.	\KFLT@frame: Reduced hbox	
KFLT@boxouter: Added ww and wlv.	warnings.	65
Avoid underfull \hbox warning.	General: 2022/01/10	1
v2.03	Docs: Show macro and	
General: 2021/05/28	environment nesting.	1

Index of Objects

This is an index of macros, environments, booleans, counters, lengths, packages, classes, options, keys, files, and various other programming objects. Each is listed by itself, and also by category. In some cases, they are further subdivided by [class].

Numbers written in *italic* refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition.

Symbols			
* (argument)	<i>12</i>	boolean:	
[H] (argument)	<i>12</i>	KFL@keywrap	<i>107</i>
[M] (argument)	<i>12</i>	KFLT@captionistop	<i>80</i>
[W] (argument)	<i>12</i>	KFLT@cont	<i>51</i>
[loc] (argument)	<i>12</i>	KFLT@cstar	<i>52</i>
		KFLT@f	<i>57</i>
		KFLT@ft	<i>57</i>
		KFLT@inkeysubfloats	<i>59</i>
		KFLT@scgiven	<i>52</i>
		KFLT@subcaptionistop	<i>99</i>
		KFLT@subgrpcont	<i>59</i>
		KFLT@subgrpctestart	<i>59</i>
		KFLT@subgrpscgiven	<i>60</i>
		C	
		c (key) [main]	<i>52</i>
		c (key) [subfloat container]	<i>59</i>
		calc (package)	<i>49</i>
		caption (package)	<i>10, 49</i>
		class:	
		tufte-book	<i>35</i>
		cleveref (package)	<i>10</i>
		cont (key) [main]	<i>51</i>
		cont (key) [subfloat container]	<i>59</i>
		counter:	
		KFLT@keyfloatdepth	<i>59</i>
		KFLT@numcols	<i>51</i>
		KFLT@thiscol	<i>51</i>
		cstar (key) [main]	<i>52</i>
		cstar (key) [subfloat container]	<i>60</i>
		E	
		\endkeyflt	<u><i>845</i></u>
		environment:	
		keyfigure	<i>11</i>
		keyfloat	<i>11</i>
		B	
Before keyfigure	<i>89</i>		
Before keyfloats	<i>99</i>		
Before keyfloat	<i>88</i>		
Before keytable	<i>93</i>		

<code>\keyparbox</code>	11 , 907	<code>KFLT@keysubfloats</code> (environment) ..	1175
<code>keysubfigs</code> (environment)	11 , 1190	<code>\KFLT@keywrapparindent</code> (length)	107
<code>keysubfloats</code> (environment)	12 , 1187	<code>\KFLT@keywrapparskip</code> (length)	107
<code>keysubtabs</code> (environment)	12 , 1193	<code>\KFLT@keywrapwidth</code> (length)	107
<code>\keytab</code>	11 , 923	<code>\KFLT@l</code>	86
<code>keytable</code> (environment)	11 , 931	<code>\KFLT@lw</code>	141
<code>keyval</code> (package)	49	<code>\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter</code>	683
<code>keywrap</code> (environment)	12 , 1226	<code>\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats</code>	963
<code>KFLT@keywrap</code> (boolean)	107	<code>KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage</code> (en- vironment)	964
<code>\KFLT@docaption</code>	406	<code>\KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats</code>	1174
<code>\KFLT@ignorespaces</code>	801	<code>KFLT@marginfloat</code> (environment) ...	1196
<code>\KFLT@prohibitpackage</code>	14	<code>\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow</code>	560
<code>\KFLT@addartisttext</code>	608	<code>\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow</code>	556
<code>\KFLT@addtext</code>	583	<code>\KFLT@mo</code>	164
<code>\KFLT@af</code>	90	<code>\KFLT@nonest</code>	941
<code>\KFLT@al</code>	92 , 100	<code>KFLT@numcols</code> (counter)	51
<code>\KFLT@ap</code>	88	<code>\KFLT@onefigureimage</code>	330
<code>\KFLT@as</code>	94	<code>\KFLT@optionalname</code>	602
<code>\KFLT@auf</code>	98	<code>\KFLT@prohibitpackage</code>	29
<code>\KFLT@aup</code>	96	<code>\KFLTer</code>	156
<code>\KFLT@aus</code>	102	<code>\KFLT@rowboxwidth</code> (length)	51
<code>KFLT@boxinner</code> (environment)	654	<code>\KFLT@es</code>	154
<code>\KFLT@boxkeys</code>	672	<code>\KFLT@esc</code>	82
<code>KFLT@boxouter</code> (environment)	684	<code>KFLT@scgiven</code> (boolean)	52
<code>\KFLT@boxwidth</code> (length)	63	<code>\KFLT@sharedkeys</code>	671
<code>\KFLT@c</code>	70	<code>\KFLT@stretch</code>	162
<code>\KFLT@caption</code>	486	<code>KFLT@subcaptionistop</code> (boolean)	99
<code>KFLT@captionistop</code> (boolean)	80	<code>\KFLT@subfloats</code>	1090
<code>KFLT@cont</code> (boolean)	51	<code>\KFLT@subgrpaf</code>	229
<code>KFLT@cstar</code> (boolean)	52	<code>\KFLT@subgrpap</code>	231
<code>\KFLT@defaults</code>	521	<code>\KFLT@subgrpap</code>	227
<code>\KFLT@docaption</code>	448 , 466	<code>\KFLT@subgrpas</code>	233
<code>\KFLT@dosimplecaption</code>	397	<code>\KFLT@subgrpas</code>	237
<code>\KFLT@endsubfloats</code>	1141	<code>\KFLT@subgrpaul</code>	239
<code>\KFLT@envignorespaces</code>	810	<code>\KFLT@subgrpap</code>	235
<code>KFLT@f</code> (boolean)	57	<code>\KFLT@subgrpap</code>	241
<code>\KFLT@findenvboxwidth</code>	306	<code>\KFLT@subgrpas</code>	191
<code>\KFLT@findwidths</code>	245	<code>KFLT@subgrpcont</code> (boolean)	59
<code>\KFLT@frame</code>	286	<code>KFLT@subgrpctestart</code> (boolean)	59
<code>KFLT@ft</code> (boolean)	57	<code>\KFLT@subgrpdefaults</code>	1070
<code>\KFLT@h</code>	148	<code>\KFLT@subgrpssc</code>	203
<code>\KFLT@ignorespaces</code>	807	<code>KFLT@subgrpsscgiven</code> (boolean)	60
<code>\KFLT@imagewidth</code> (length)	63	<code>\KFLT@subgrpt</code>	209
<code>\KFLT@includegraphics</code>	317	<code>\KFLT@subgrptextalign</code>	208
<code>KFLT@inkeysubfloats</code> (boolean)	59	<code>\KFLT@subgrptype</code>	205
<code>\KFLT@keepaspectratio</code>	152	<code>\KFLT@t</code>	104
<code>KFLT@keyfloatdepth</code> (counter)	59	<code>\KFLT@testwidth</code> (length)	66
<code>\KFLT@keyfloatend</code>	862	<code>\KFLT@textalign</code>	103
<code>\KFLT@keyfloatstart</code>	856	<code>KFLT@thiscol</code> (counter)	51
<code>\KFLT@keyflt</code>	813		

R		T	
r (key) [main]	56	t (key) [main]	55
rotating (package)	50	t (key) [subfloat container]	60, 61
S		tablehere (environment)	49
s (key) [main]	56	tc (key) [main]	55
sc (key) [main]	52	titletoc (package)	10
sc (key) [subfloat container]	60	tl (key) [main]	55
stretch (key) [main]	57	tocdata (package)	10
subcaption (package)	49	tocloft (package)	10
[subfloat container]:		tr (key) [main]	55
af (key)	61	tufte-book (class)	35
al (key)	61	V	
ap (key)	61	va (key) [main]	58
as (key)	62	W	
auf (key)	62	w (key) [main]	56
aul (key)	62	wlw (key) [main]	58
aup (key)	62	wn (key) [main]	57
aus (key)	62	wo (key) [main]	58
c (key)	59	wp (key) [main]	58
cont (key)	59	wrapfig (package)	12, 50
cstar (key)	60	ww (key) [main]	58
l (key)	60	X	
sc (key)	60	xparse (package)	49
t (key)	60, 61		

General Index

This is a general index, including how-to and troubleshooting.

Symbols		rotation	24
<code>\linewidth</code>	22, 29		
subfloats	29		
with rotation	24		
A		G	
aspect ratio	30	group	
author's or artist's name	44	nested	30
		shared keys	29, 32
C		H	
caption		[H]ere placement	25
formatting	47	I	
options	16	image	
continued float	33	<code>\linewidth</code>	22
continued subfloat	34	grid of	30
		keep aspect ratio	30
D		natural size	18
distance between floats	36, 46	too large	29
		K	
F		keep aspect ratio	30
fancybox	43	keyfloats	
float		<code>\linewidth</code>	22
continued	33	keys	13
default width	18	nested	32
distance between	36, 46	keys	
[H]ere placement	25	and values	14, 15
inline	25	keyfloats	13
inline without caption	27	shared in a group	29, 32
margin placement	35	subfloats	13
nested group	30	L	
out of sequence	25	label	
shared keys	29	missing	26
subfloat continued	34	unnumbered float	26
text added	21	M	
unnumbered	26	margin placement	35
no label	26	mdframed	42, 43
without caption	28	mixed subfloats	32
wrapped placement	16	N	
frame		name	
custom	46	author or artist	44
fancybox	43	nested subfloats	32
mdframed	42		

	R		nested 32
rotate			shared keys 32
box width and vertical space 24			
extra space 24, 43		T	
frame 24		table	
	S	large 19	
subfloat		rows too close or far 46	
\linewidth 22, 29		text	
continued 34		added 21	
distance between 46			W
keys 13		wrapped float placement 16	

Index of Indexes

	C		I
Change History	110	Index of Objects	112
	G		
General Index	117		