The `topiclongtable` package*
Autocollapsing cells in longtables

Paolo Brasolin
paolo.brasolin@gmail.com
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This LaTeX package extends `longtable`s implementing `topiclongtable`s, in which vertically adjacent cells merge if and only if they have the same content and the cells on their left are merged. Furthermore the merging is well behaved, in that it does not happen after page breaks and correct separation lines are drawn automatically.

The typical use case is a table that spans multiple pages and contains a list of hierarchically organized topics (hence the package name).

Usage

To use the package install it in your tree (or put `topiclongtable.sty` in your work folder) and require it in your preamble:

```latex
\usepackage{topiclongtable}
```

Environment

The `topiclongtable` environment extends `longtable`. They share the same syntax and all features of the latter are available in the former.

To use `topiclongtable` macros you must prepend “F” to the first column specification and “T” to all others:

```latex
\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fl|Tl|Tl|Tr|Tl|Tr}
  % ...
\end{topiclongtable}
```

*Development of this package was sponsored by Human Predictions, LLC (www.humanpredictions.com).
Macros

\Topic \Topic[(content)]
This is the main macro of the package; you can use it to wrap the optional \textit{(content)} of a cell in order to allow it to merge with adjacent cells.

The behaviour of \Topic can be observed in the following complete example:

\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fl|Tl|Tl|Tl|}
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Foo \\ 
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Bar \\ 
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Baz \\ 
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Qux \\ 
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Zod \\ 
\Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Bop \\
\end{topiclongtable}

Here is a breakdown of the manifested behaviour:
\begin{itemize}
\item the parameter is optional;
\item merging happens when it is omitted (rows 1–3 on column 1);
\item merging happens when its value is equal to the one above (rows 2–3 on columns 2 and 3);
\item merging does not happen (rows 3–4 on column 2) when the cells on the left are not merged (rows 3–4 on column 1).
\end{itemize}

\TopicLine \TopicLine
\TopicLine can be used at the start of a row to automatically draw the horizontal lines that separates it from the row above and correctly accounts for merged cells.

By default no horizontal lines are drawn on top and bottom of table chunks to allow for maximal flexibility. You can use longtable footer and headers to easily draw them (or whichever footer/header you may desire) as shown in the next example.

Here is the previous example with lines added:

\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fl|Tl|Tl|Tl|}
\hline
edhead
\hline
edfoot
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Foo \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Bar \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Baz \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Qux \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Zod \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & \Topic & Bop \\
\end{topiclongtable}

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\item the parameter is optional;
\item merging happens when it is omitted (rows 1–3 on column 1);
\item merging happens when its value is equal to the one above (rows 2–3 on columns 2 and 3);
\item merging does not happen (rows 3–4 on column 2) when the cells on the left are not merged (rows 3–4 on column 1).
\end{itemize}
Settings

All settings described in this section are global and can be changed between tables.

\TopicSetContinuationCode{(\LaTeX code)}

Cells continuing from the previous page can be explicitly marked. You can set a code fragment to append to such cells using \TopicSetContinuationCode:

\TopicSetContinuationCode{\ (cont.)}

By default no mark is appended and you can reset to the default using

\TopicSetContinuationCode{}

Consider this example across two pages:

\TopicSetContinuationCode{\ (cont.)}
\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fl|Tl|Tl|Tl|}
\hline
\hline
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & 1 \\
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & 2 \\
% ...
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & 10 \\
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & 11 \\
% ...
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & 20 \\
\end{topiclongtable}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
A & B & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline
4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\
9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\
C & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
You can set the vertical position for \texttt{Topic} cells by using \texttt{TopicSetVPos}. Allowed \textit{vertical position specification}s are “b” (bottom), “c” (center) and the default “t” (top). All \texttt{Topic} cells will align in the same way:

Here is an example of \texttt{bottom} alignment:

\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fl|Tl|Tl|Tl|}
\hline
\hline
\endfoot
\hline
\endhead
\hline
\hline
\TopicLine \Topic[T1] & \Topic[ST1] & Foo \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic[ST2] & Bar \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & \Topic & Baz \\ 
\end{topiclongtable}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline
T1 & SST1 \tab Bar \tab SST2 \tab Baz \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

You can set the width of the \texttt{Topic} cells by using \texttt{TopicSetWidth}. Allowed \textit{cell width specification}s are “=” (fit column width) and the default “*” (fit natural content width).

Note “=” will be useful mostly when coupled with column specifiers like \texttt{p{(width)}} to force the overflowing content inside the column width:

\begin{topiclongtable}{|Fp{.5in}|Tl|}
\hline
\hline
\endfoot
\hline
\endhead
\hline
\hline
\TopicLine \Topic[Fits column width] & A \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & B \\ 
\TopicLine \Topic & C \\ 
\end{topiclongtable}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline
Fits column width & A \tab B \tab C \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
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The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>\Topic</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicLine</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetContinuationCode</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetVPos</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetWidth</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\Topic</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicLine</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>topiclongtable</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetContinuationCode</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetVPos</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>\TopicSetWidth</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>